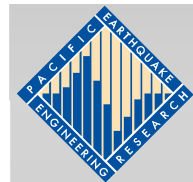


How to Build a Model of a Structure Faster with a Script than with a GUI

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svn co svn://opensees.berkeley.edu:/usr/local/svn/OpenSees/trunk/Workshops/OpenSeesDays/Steel2dModels Steel2dModels

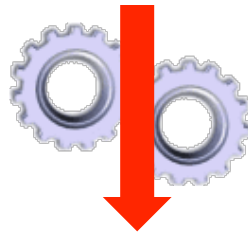


Outline of Seminar

- Introduction
- Moment Frame Example 1
- Moment Frame Example 2
- Braced Frame Examples
- Conclusions

How Do You Interact With OpenSees?

main.tcl



output

Each OpenSees Script You Write
IS A
PROGRAM

To Build Models in OpenSees
faster (and with less errors) than
you can in a GUI you simply
have to **START**
PROGRAMMING!

An Issue With How Users Program in OpenSee: When should you Use **Variables** In a Program?

- **NOT to document the commands**
(USE comments instead: i.e. more ‘#’ and less ‘set’)
- When you have a variable that you might change at some point later in time or in the script, or for use in a mathematical expression.

Truss example using variables:

```
model Basic -ndm 2 -ndf 2
```

```
set xCrd1 0.0
```

```
set xCrd2 144.0
```

```
set xCrd3 168.0
```

```
set xCrd4 62.0
```

```
set yCrd1 0
```

```
set yCrd2 96
```

```
set matTag1 1
```

```
set timeSeriesTag1 1
```

```
set patternTag1 1
```

```
set E1 3000
```

```
set nodeLoadTag 4
```

```
set nodeLoadx 100.
```

```
set nodeLoadY -50;
```

```
set A1 10
```

```
set A2 5.0
```

```
node 1 $xCrd1 $yCrd1
```

```
node 2 $xCrd2 $yCrd1
```

```
node 3 $xCrd3 $yCrd1
```

```
node 4 $xCrd4 $yCrd2
```

```
fix 1 1 1
```

```
fix 2 1 1
```

```
fix 3 1 1
```

```
uniaxialMaterial Elastic $matTag1 $E1
```

```
element truss 1 1 4 $A1 $matTag1
```

```
element truss 2 2 4 $A2 $matTag1
```

```
element truss 3 3 4 $A3 $matTag1
```

```
timeSeries Linear $tsTag1
```

```
pattern Plain $patternTag1 $tsTag1 {
```

```
  load 4 $nodeLoadX $nodeLoadY
```

```
}
```

USE COMMENTS INSTEAD OF VARIABLES

```
model Basic -ndm 2 -ndf 2
#node $tag $xCrd $yCrd
node 1 0.0 0.0
node 2 144.0 0.0
node 3 168.0 0.0
node 4 72.0 96.0

#fix $nodeTag $xFix $yFix
fix 1 1 1
fix 2 1 1
fix 3 1 1

#uniaxialMaterial Elastic $tag $E
uniaxialMaterial Elastic 1 3000.0

#element truss $tag $iNode $jNode $A $matTag
element truss 1 1 4 10.0 1
element truss 2 2 4 5.0 1
element truss 3 3 4 5.0 1

timeSeries Linear 1

#pattern Plain $tag $tsTag
pattern Plain 1 1 {
  #load $nodeTag $xForce $yForce
  load 4 100.0 -50.0
}
```

You Want This

**Because if you Don't
Your Moment Frame Script
Will look like ->**


```
# define structure-geometry parameters
set NStories 3. # number of stories
set NodalMass2V 0.105; # mass at each column node on Floor
set
```

3 Story 5 Bay Moment Frame

Original Code >350 lines

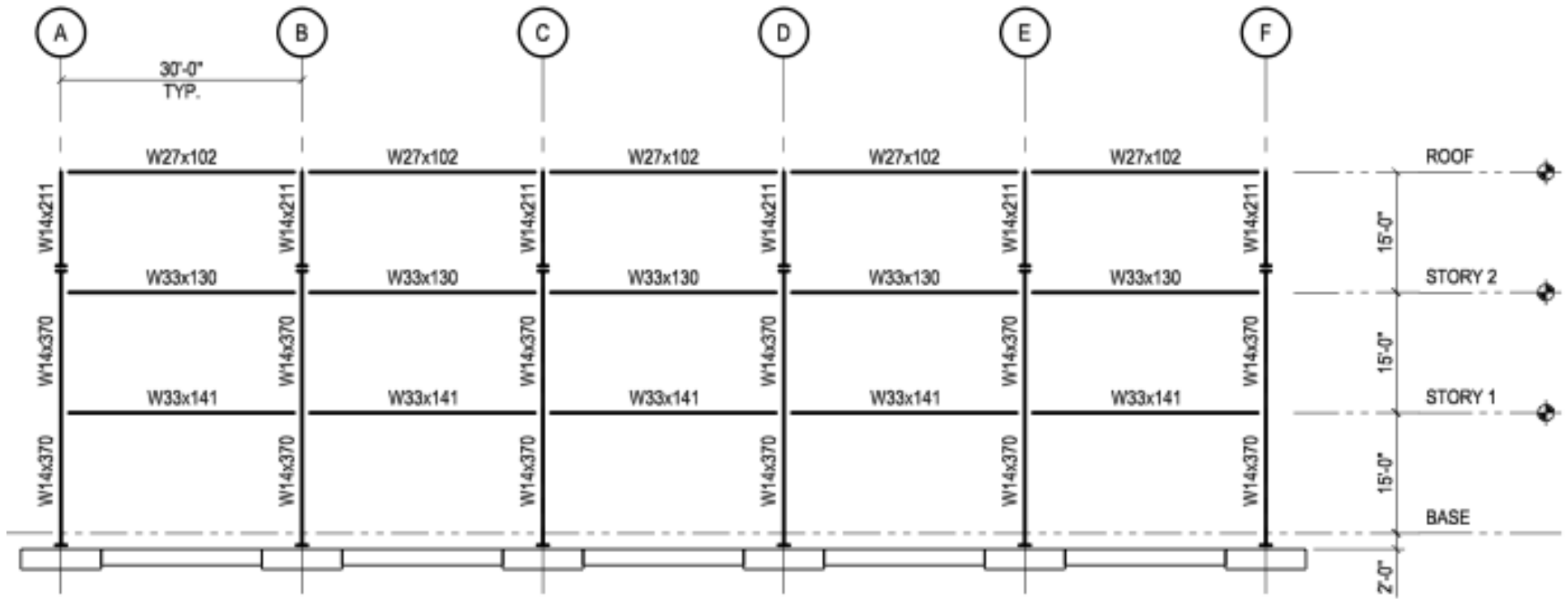
```
noc uniaxial # command: forceBeamColumn $eleTag $iNode $jNode $numInt
noc # eleID convention: "1xy" where 1 = col, x = Pier #, y
```

If I had to do this I would
want a GUI too!

```
$PDeltaT
$PDeltaT
$PDeltaT
$PDeltaT
$PDeltaT
$PDeltaT
noc element forceBeamColumn 112 122 132 $NIPcol 12 $PDeltaT
node 32 $Pier3 $Floor2 -mass $NodalMass2H $NodalMass2V 0.0;
node 42 $Pier4 $Floor2 -mass $NodalMass2H $NodalMass2V 0.0;
```

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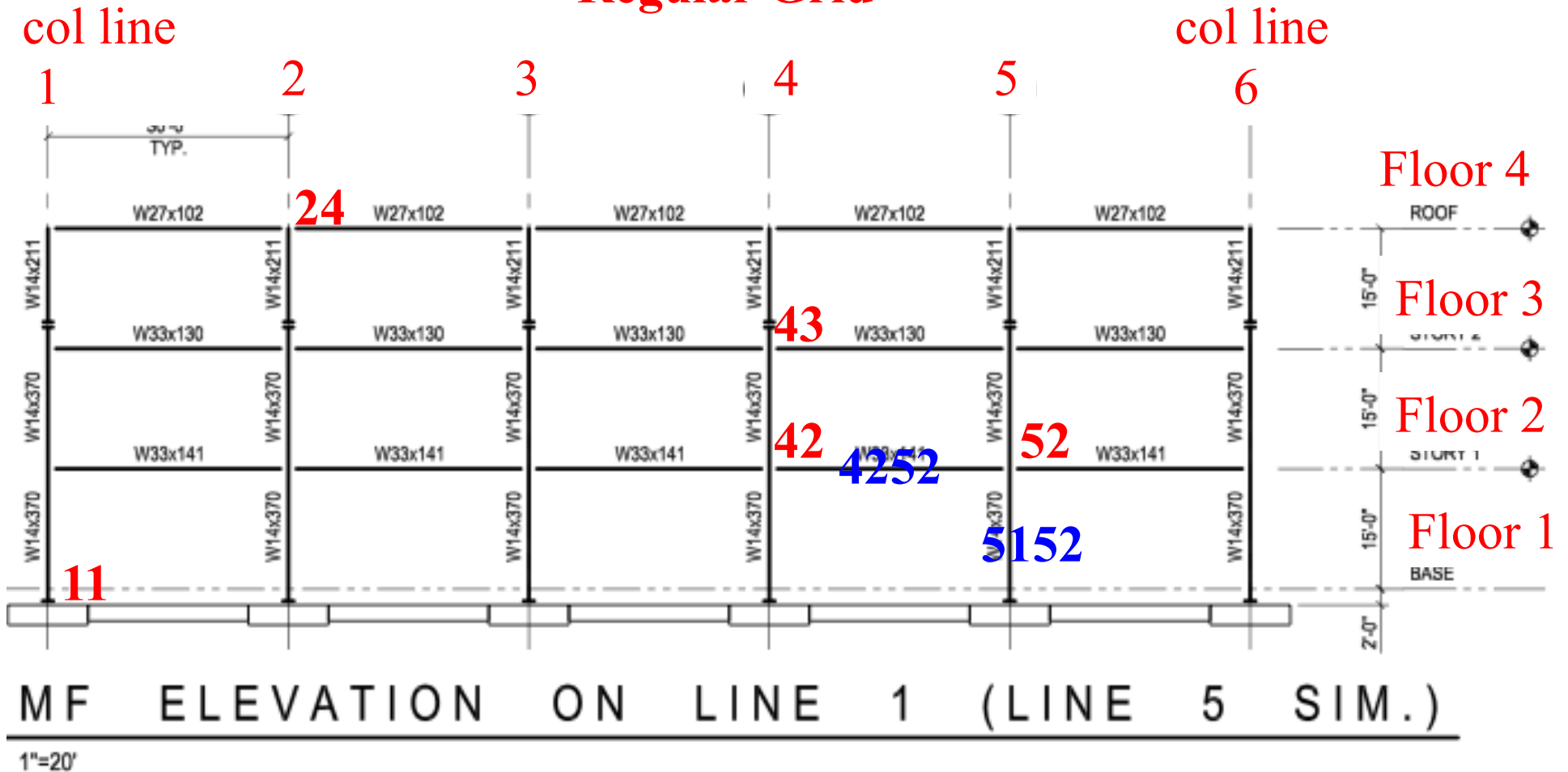
MF ELEVATION ON LINE 1 (LINE 5 SIM.)

1"=20'

THINK Before You Type



Steel W Sections & Regular Grid



Nodes # \$col\$floor
Elements # \$iNode\$jNode

(if more than 10 col lines or floors,
 start numbering at 10,
 if > 100, at 100,)

DEMO

MRF1.tcl

Same
model
in 35
lines!

```
model Basic -ndm 2 -ndf 3
source Steel2d.tcl

# set some lists containing floor and column line locations and nodal masses
set floorLocs {0. 204. 384. 564.}; # floor locations in inches
set colLocs {0. 360. 720. 1080. 1440. 1800.}; #column line locations in inches
set massesX {0. 0.419 0.419 0.430}; # mass at nodes on each floor in x dirn
set massesY {0. 0.105 0.105 0.096}; # " " " " " " in y dirn

# add nodes at each floor at each column line location & fix nodes if at floor 1
foreach floor {1 2 3 4} floorLoc $floorLocs massX $massesX massY $massesY {
  foreach colLine {1 2 3 4 5 6} colLoc $colLocs {
    node $colLine$floor $colLoc $floorLoc -mass $massX $massY 0.
    if {$floor == 1} {fix $colLine$floor 1 1 1}
  }
}

#uniaxialMaterial Steel02 $tag $Fy $E $b $R0 $scr1 $scr2
uniaxialMaterial Steel02 1 50.0 29000. 0.003 20 0.925 0.15; # material to be used for steel elements

# set some list for col and beam sizes
set colSizes {W14X370 W14X370 W14X211}; #col sizes stories 1, 2 and 3
set beamSizes {W33X141 W33X130 W27X102}; #beams sizes floor 1, 2, and 3

# add columns at each column line between floors
geomTransf PDelta 1
foreach colLine {1 2 3 4 5 6} {
  foreach floor1 {1 2 3} floor2 {2 3 4} {
    set theSection [lindex $colSizes [expr $floor1 -1]]; # obtain section size for column
    ForceBeamWSection2d $colLine$floor1 $colLine$floor2 $colLine$floor1 $colLine$floor2 $theSection 1 1 -nip 5
  }
}

#add beams between column lines at each floor
geomTransf Linear 2
foreach colLine1 {1 2 3 4 5} colLine2 {2 3 4 5 6} {
  foreach floor {2 3 4} {
    set theSection [lindex $beamSizes [expr $floor -2]]; # obtain section size for floor
    ForceBeamWSection2d $colLine1$floor $colLine2$floor $colLine1$floor $colLine2$floor $theSection 1 2
  }
}
```

Steel2.tcl – contains a library of procedures

```
proc ElasticBeamWSection2d {eleTag iNode jNode sectType E transfTag {Orient XX}} {
  global WSection
  global in
  set found 0
  foreach {section prop} [array get WSection $sectType] {
    set propList [split $prop]
    set A [expr [lindex $propList 0]*$in*$in]
    set Ixx [expr [lindex $propList 5]*$in*$in*$in*$in]
    set Iyy [expr [lindex $propList 6]*$in*$in*$in*$in]
    if {$Orient == "YY" } {
      element elasticBeamColumn $eleTag $iNode $jNode $A $E $Iyy $transfTag
    } else {
      element elasticBeamColumn $eleTag $iNode $jNode $A $E $Ixx $transfTag
    }
  }
}
```

```
#Winxlb/f "Area(in2) d(in) bf(in) tw(in) tf(in) Ixx(in4) Iyy(in4)"
array set WSection {
  W44X335    "98.5 44.0 15.9 1.03 1.77 31100 1200 74.7"
  W44X290    "85.4 43.6 15.8 0.865 1.58 27000 1040 50.9"
  W44X262    "76.9 43.3 15.8 0.785 1.42 24100 923 37.3"
  W44X230    "67.7 42.9 15.8 0.710 1.22 20800 796 24.9"
  W40X593    "174 43.0 16.7 1.79 3.23 50400 2520 445"
  W40X503    "148 42.1 16.4 1.54 2.76 41600 2040 277"
```



```

proc ForceBeamWSection2d {eleTag iNode jNode sectType matTag transfTag args} {

  global FiberSteelWSection2d
  global ElasticSteelWSection2d

  set Orient "XX"
  if {[lsearch $args "YY"] != -1} {
    set Orient "YY"
  }

  set nFlange 8
  if {[lsearch $args "-nFlange"] != -1} {
    set loc [lsearch $args "-nFlange"]
    set nFlange [lindex $args [expr $loc+1]]
  }

  set nWeb 4
  if {[lsearch $args "-nWeb"] != -1} {
    set loc [lsearch $args "-nWeb"]
    set nWeb [lindex $args [expr $loc+1]]
  }

  set nip 4
  if {[lsearch $args "-nip"] != -1} {
    set loc [lsearch $args "-nip"]
    set nip [lindex $args [expr $loc+1]]
  }

  if {[lsearch $args "-elasticSection"] != -1} {
    set loc [lsearch $args "-elasticSection"]
    set E [lindex $args [expr $loc+1]]
    ElasticSteelWSection2d $eleTag $sectType $E $Orient
  } else {
    FiberSteelWSection2d $eleTag $sectType $matTag $nFlange $nWeb $Orient
  }

  element forceBeamColumn $eleTag $iNode $jNode $nip $eleTag $transfTag
}

```

Now We Can Do Fun Stuff

MRF2.tcl

How Many Fibers?

```
foreach nFlange {1 2 3 10 10 20 35} nWeb {4 4 4 5 10 20 30} {
```

```
  puts "nFlange: $nFlange nWeb: $nWeb"
```

```
  wipe;
```

```
  model BasicBuilder -ndm 2 -ndf 3;
```

```
  ....
```

```
  ....
```

```
# add columns at each column line between floors
```

```
geomTransf PDelta 1
```

```
foreach colLine {1 2 3 4 5 6} {
```

```
  foreach floor1 {1 2 3} floor2 {2 3 4} {
```

```
    set theSection [lindex $colSizes [expr $floor1 -1]]; # obtain section size for column
```

```
    ForceBeamWSection2d $colLine$floor1 $colLine$floor2 $colLine$floor1 $colLine$floor2 $theSection 1 1 -nFlange $nFlange -nWeb $nW
```

```
  }
```

```
}
```

```
#add beams between column lines at each floor
```

```
geomTransf Linear 2
```

```
foreach colLine1 {1 2 3 4 5} colLine2 {2 3 4 5 6} {
```

```
  foreach floor {2 3 4} {
```

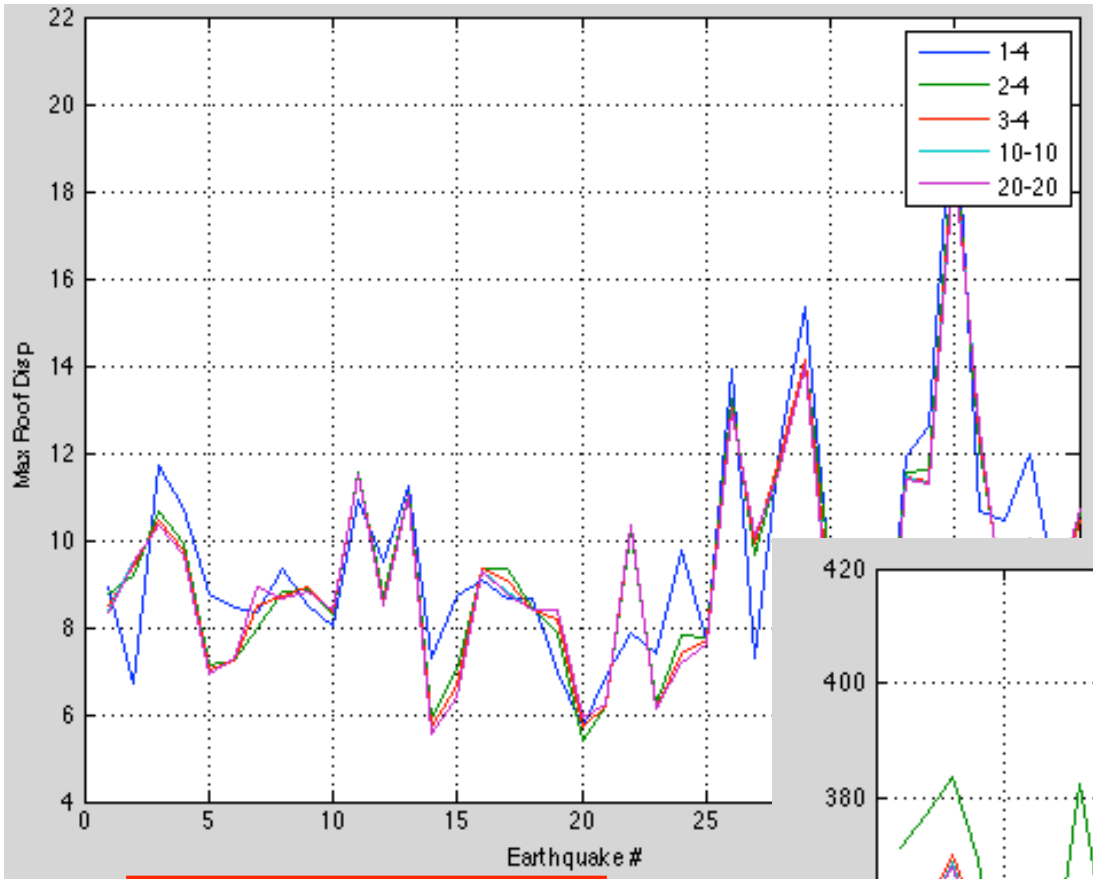
```
    set theSection [lindex $beamSizes [expr $floor -2]]; # obtain section size for floor
```

```
    ForceBeamWSection2d $colLine1$floor $colLine2$floor $colLine1$floor $colLine2$floor $theSection 1 2 -nFlange $nFlange -nWeb $nW
```

```
  }
```

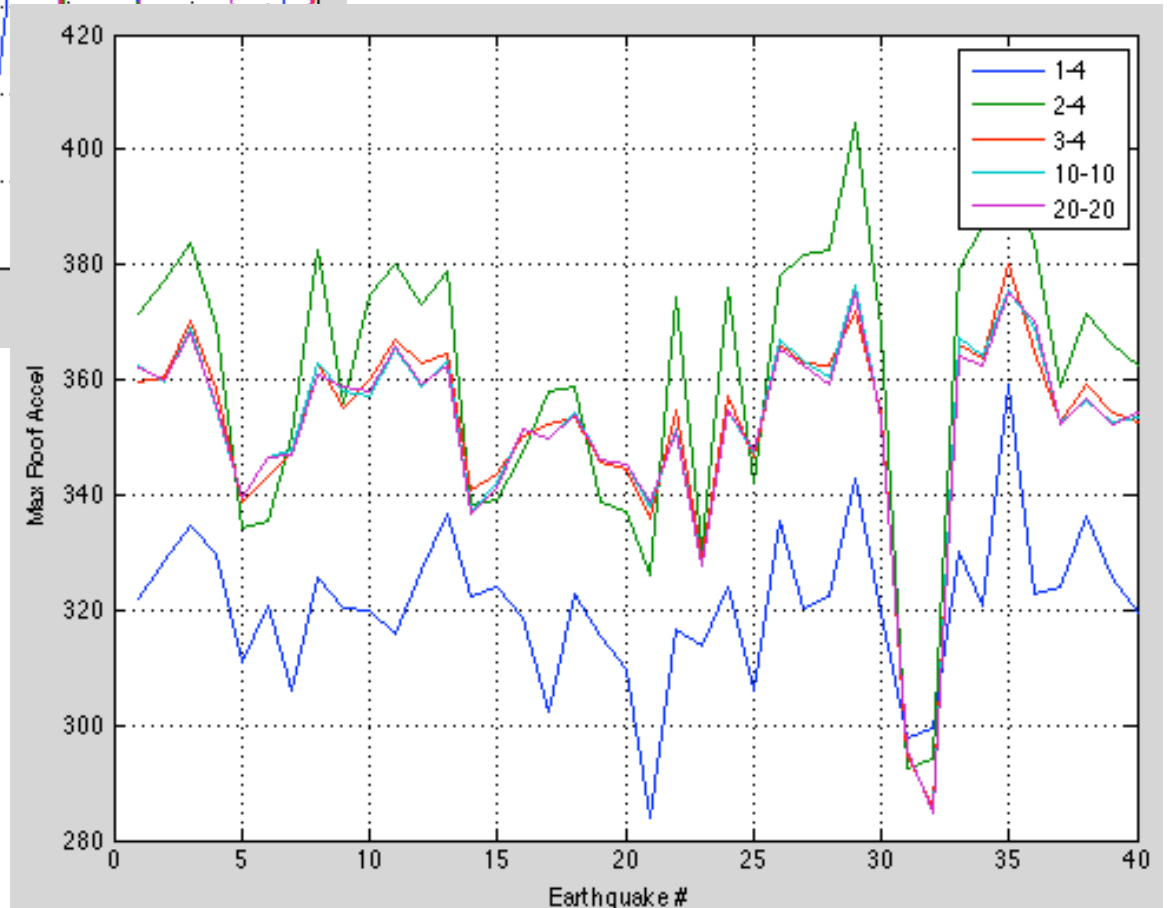
```
}
```

```
}
```

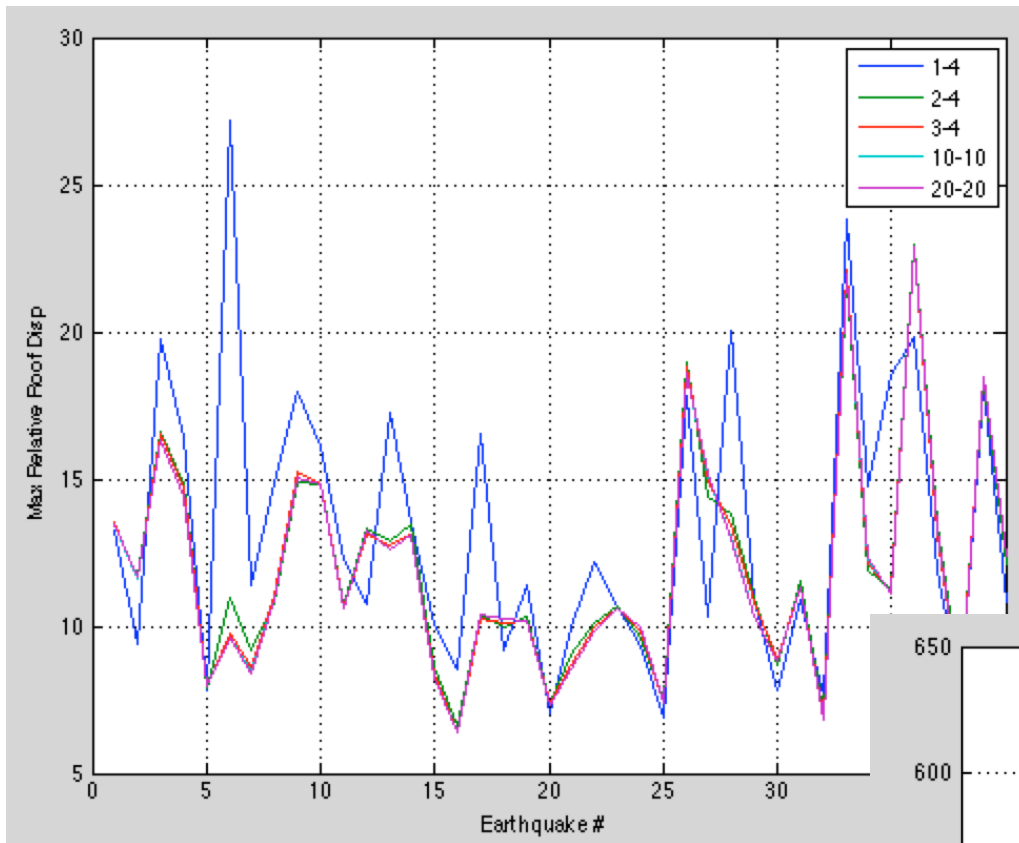


fibers flange- # fibers web

Results 10 % in 50year

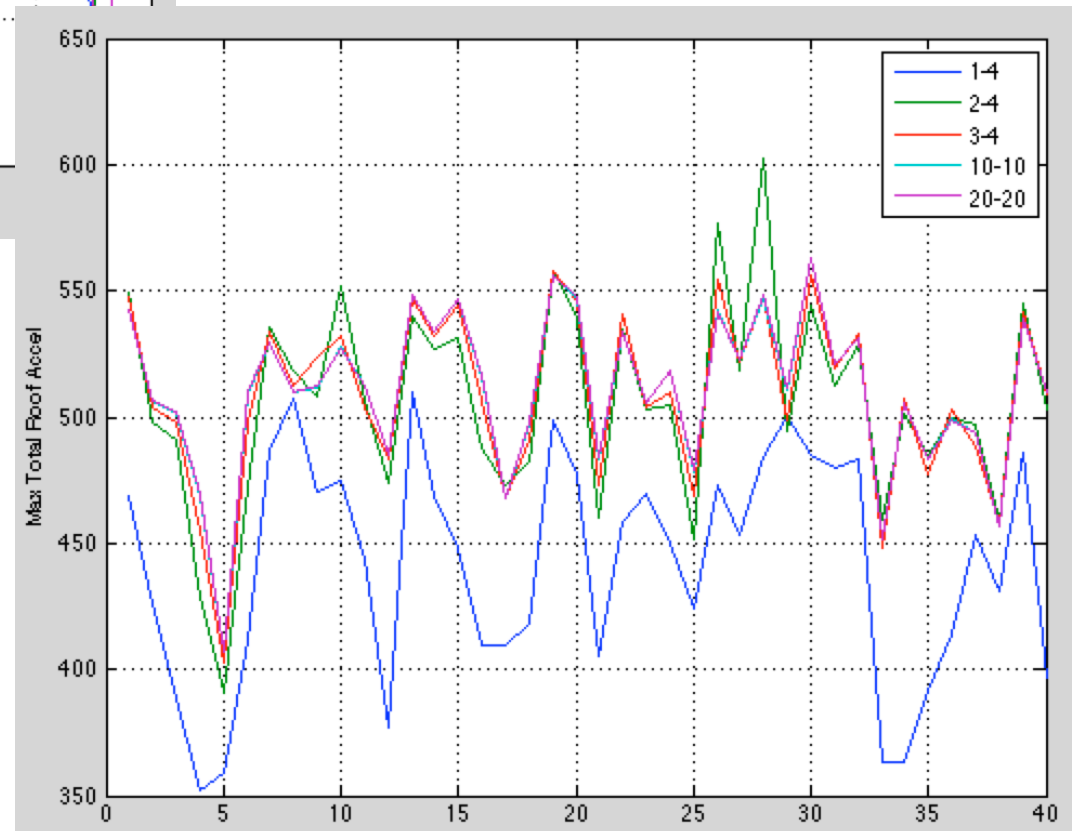


	Time
1-4	292sec
2-4	302sec
3-4	309sec
10-10	578sec
20-20	1001sec
35-30	1305sec



fibers flange- # fibers web

Results 2% in 50year



	Time
1-4	254sec
2-4	265sec
3-4	272sec
10-10	506sec
20-20	879sec
35-30	1539sec

Little More Useful (BUT COMPLICATED APPROACH)

Replace foreach with for construct

WHY?

So I Can generate a new model in SECONDS.

```
model Basic -ndm 2 -ndf 3
source Steel2d.tcl
```

MRF3.tcl

```
# set up my structure
```

```
set floorOffsets {204. 180. 180.}
```

```
set colOffsets {360. 360. 360. 360. 360.}
```

```
set massesX {0. 0.419 0.419 0.400}
```

```
set massesY {0. 0.105 0.105 0.096}
```

```
set colSizes {W14X370 W14X370 W14X211};
```

```
set beamSizes {W33X141 W33X130 W27X102};
```

```
set floorLoad -0.11238
```

```
set roofLoad -0.1026
```

```
# build colLocations and floorLocations & set some variables
```

```
set numFloor [expr [llength $floorOffsets]+1]
```

```
set numCline [expr [llength $colOffsets]+1]
```

```
set floorLocations 0; set floorLoc 0;
```

```
set colLocations 0; set colLoc 0;
```

```
for {set i 1} {$i < $numFloor} {incr i 1} {
```

```
    set floorLoc [expr $floorLoc + [lindex $floorOffsets [expr $i-1]]]
```

```
    lappend floorLocations $floorLoc;
```

```
}
```

```
for {set i 1} {$i < $numCline} {incr i 1} {
```

```
    set colLoc [expr $colLoc + [lindex $colOffsets [expr $i-1]]]
```

```
    lappend colLocations $colLoc;
```

```
}
```

```
# following in case num floors or cols exceed 10
```

```
set floorStart 1;
```

```
if {$numFloor > 10} set floorStart 10;
```

```
set clineStart 1;
```

```
if {$numCline > 10} set clineStart 10;
```

```
# check of list dimensions for errors
```

```
if {[llength $massesX] != $numFloor} {puts "ERROR: massX"; quit}
```

```
if {[llength $massesY] != $numFloor} {puts "ERROR: massY"; quit}
```

```
if {[llength $colSizes] != [expr $numFloor-1]} {puts "ERROR: colSizes"; quit}
```

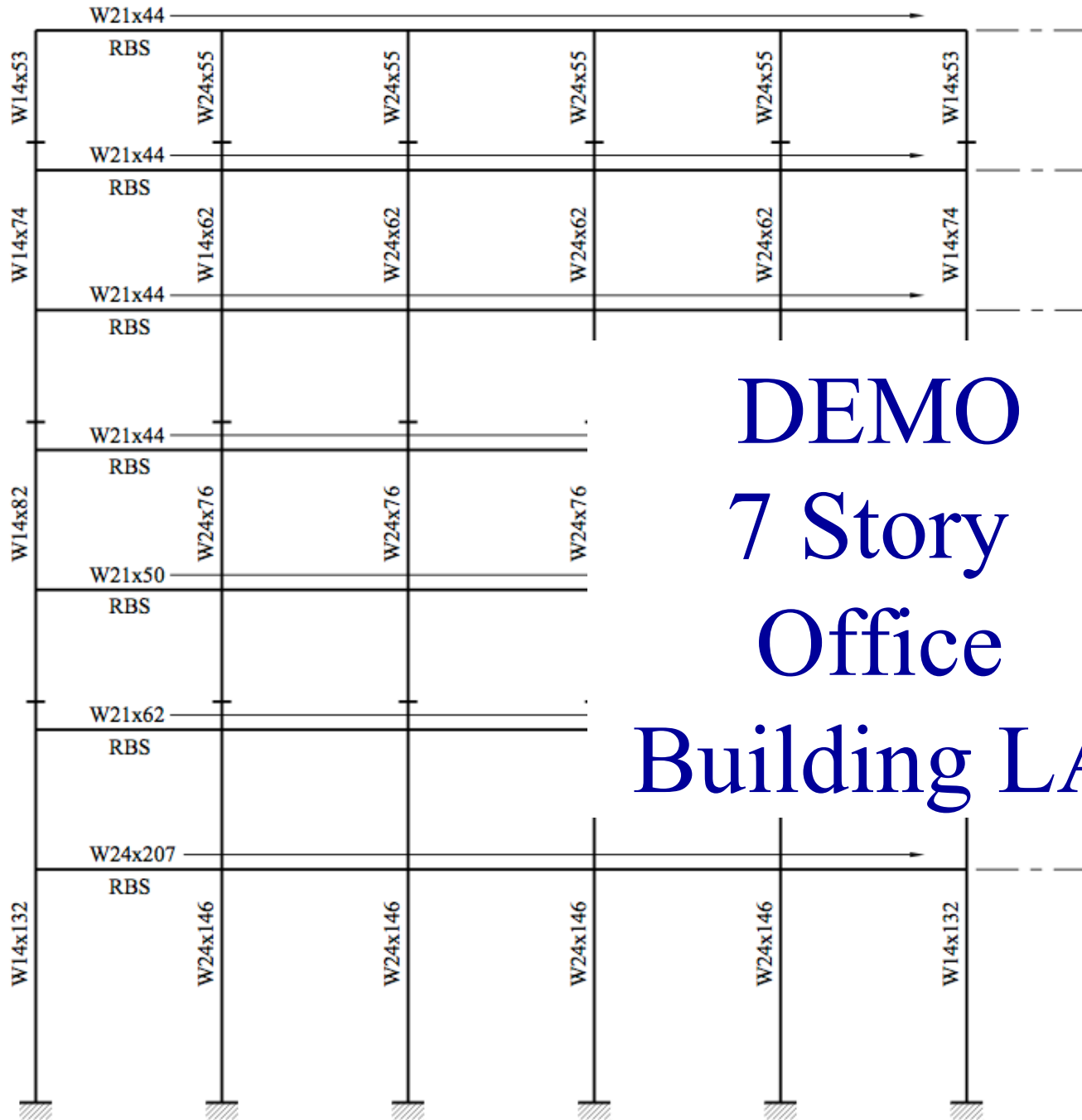
```

# Build the Nodes
for {set floor 1} {$floor <= $numFloor} {incr floor 1} {
  set floorN [expr $floorStart + $floor-1]
  set floorLoc [lindex $floorLocations [expr $floor-1]]
  set massX [lindex $massesX [expr $floor-1]]
  set massY [lindex $massesY [expr $floor-1]]
  for {set colLine 1} {$colLine <= $numCline} {incr colLine 1} {
    set colLineN [expr $clineStart + $colLine -1]
    set colLoc [lindex $colLocations [expr $colLine-1]]
    node $colLineN$floorN $colLoc $floorLoc -mass $massX $massY 0.
    if {$floor == 1} {
      fix $colLineN$floorN 1 1 1
    }
  }
}
# build the columns
geomTransf PDelta 1
for {set colLine 1} {$colLine <= $numCline} {incr colLine 1} {
  set colLineN [expr $clineStart + $colLine -1]
  for {set floor1 1} {$floor1 < $numFloor} {incr floor1 1} {
    set floor2 [expr $floor1+1]
    set floor1N [expr $floorStart + $floor1-1]
    set floor2N [expr $floorStart + $floor1]
    set theSection [lindex $colSizes [expr $floor1 -1]]
    ForceBeamWSection2d $colLineN$floor1N$colLineN$floor2N $colLineN$floor1N $colLineN$floor2N $theSection 1 1 -nip 5
  }
}
## build the beams
geomTransf Linear 2
for {set colLine1 1} {$colLine1 < $numCline} {incr colLine1 1} {
  set colLine2 [expr $colLine1 + 1]
  set colLine1N [expr $clineStart + $colLine1 -1]
  set colLine2N [expr $clineStart + $colLine1]
  for {set floor 2} {$floor <= $numFloor} {incr floor 1} {
    set floorN [expr $floorStart + $floor-1]
    set theSection [lindex $beamSizes [expr $floor -2]]
    ForceBeamWSection2d $colLine1N$floorN$colLine2N$floorN $colLine1N$floorN $colLine2N$floorN $theSection 1 2
  }
}

```

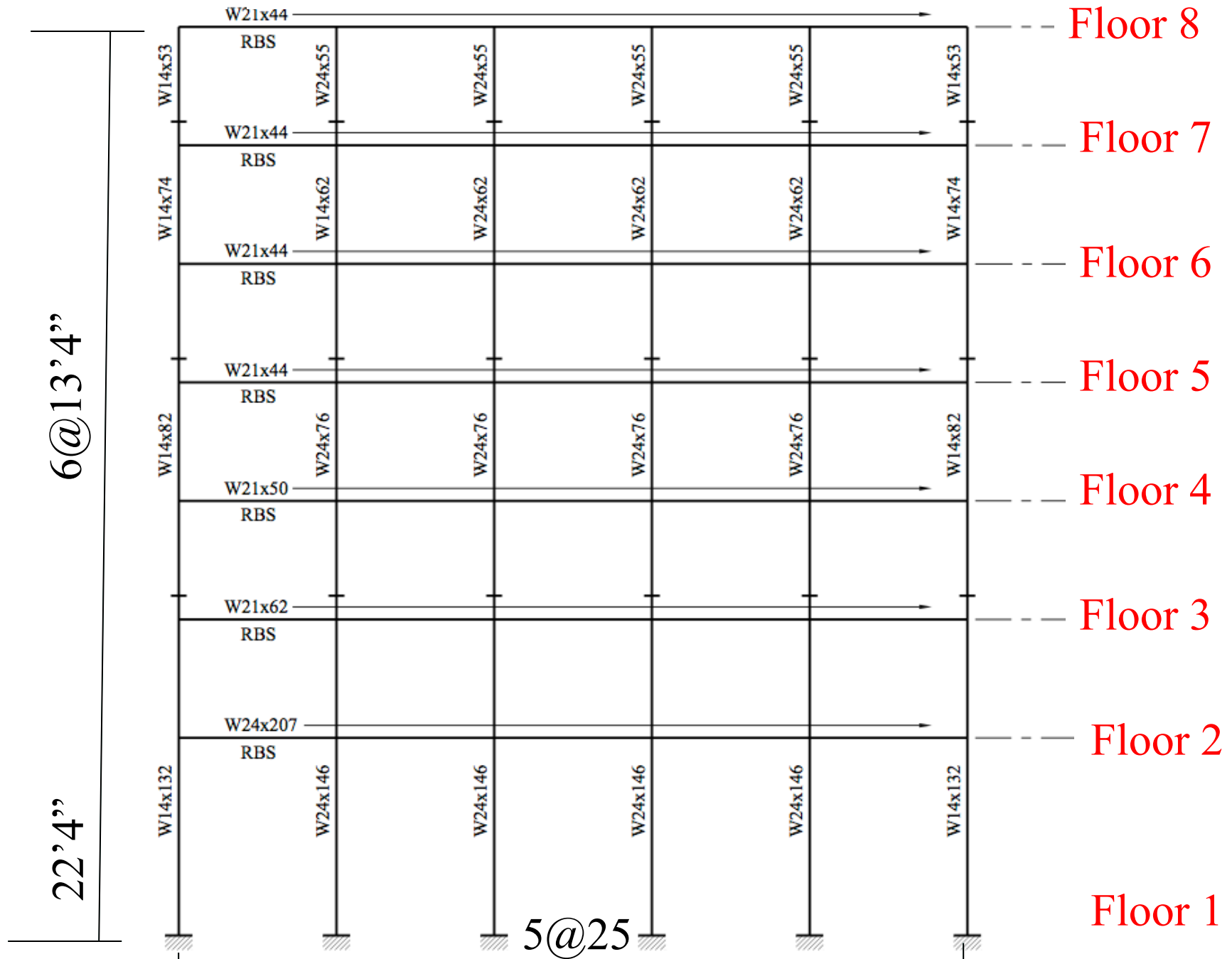
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DEMO 7 Story Office Building LA

cline 1 cline 2 cline 3 cline 4 cline 5 cline 6



```
model Basic -ndm 2 -ndf 3
source Steel2d.tcl
```

MRF4.tcl

```
# set up my structure
```

```
set floorOffsets {268. 160. 160. 160. 160. 160.}
```

```
set colOffsets {300. 300. 300. 300. 300.}
```

```
set colSizes {W24X146 W24X146 W24X76 W24X76 W14X61 W14X61 W24X55};
```

```
set beamSizes {W24X207 W21X62 W21X50 W21X44 W21X44 W21X44 W21X44};
```

```
set colSizesE {W14X132 W14X132 W14X82 W14X82 W14X74 W14X74 W14X53};
```

```
....
```

```
....
```

```
set roofWeight 1537.0;
```

```
set floorWeight 1920.0;
```

```
set floorLoad [expr (-$floorWeight*12.5)/(2.*127.*177.);]
```

```
set roofLoad [expr (-$roofWeight*12.5)/(2.*127.*177.);]
```

```
set roofMass [expr $roofWeight/($g*2.*$numCline)]; # kips 2 frames per dirn 6 col line
```

```
set floorMass [expr $floorWeight/($g*2.*$numCline)]
```

```
set massesCMD "set masses {0. $floorMass $floorMass $floorMass $floorMass $floorMass $floorMa  
eval $massesCMD
```

```
....
```

```
....
```

```
# build the columns
```

```
geomTransf PDelta 1
```

```
for {set colLine 1} {$colLine <= $numCline} {incr colLine 1} {
```

```
  set colLineN [expr $colLine - 1]
```

```
  for {set floor1 1} {$floor1 < $numFloor} {incr floor1 1} {
```

```
    set floor2 [expr $floor1 + 1]
```

```
    set floor1N [expr $floor1 - 1]
```

```
      set floor2N [expr $floor1 + 1]
```

```
    set theSection [lindex $colSizes [expr $floor1 - 1]]
```

```
    if {$colLine == 1 || $colLine == $numCline} {
```

```
      set theSection [lindex $colSizesE [expr $floor1 - 1]]
```

```
    } else {
```

```
      set theSection [lindex $colSizes [expr $floor1 - 1]]
```

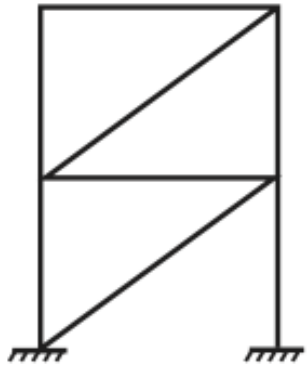
```
    }
```

```
    ForceBeamWSection2d $colLineN$floor1N$colLineN$floor2N $colLineN$floor1N $colLineN$floor
```

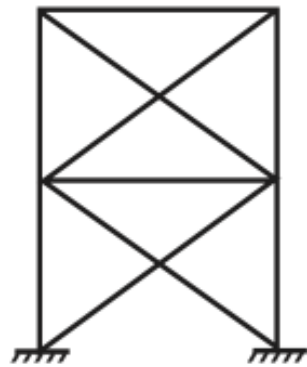
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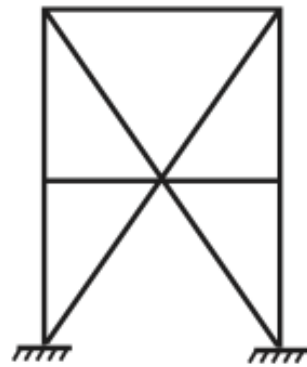
Typical Configurations



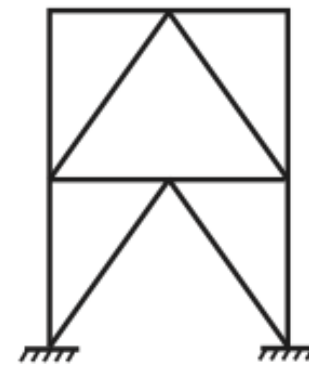
Diagonal bracing



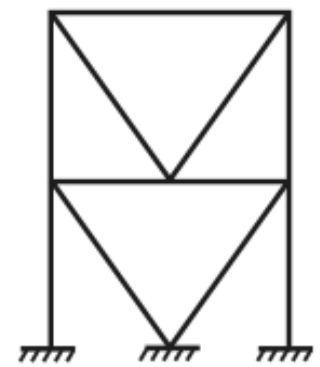
X-bracing



Multistory X-bracing

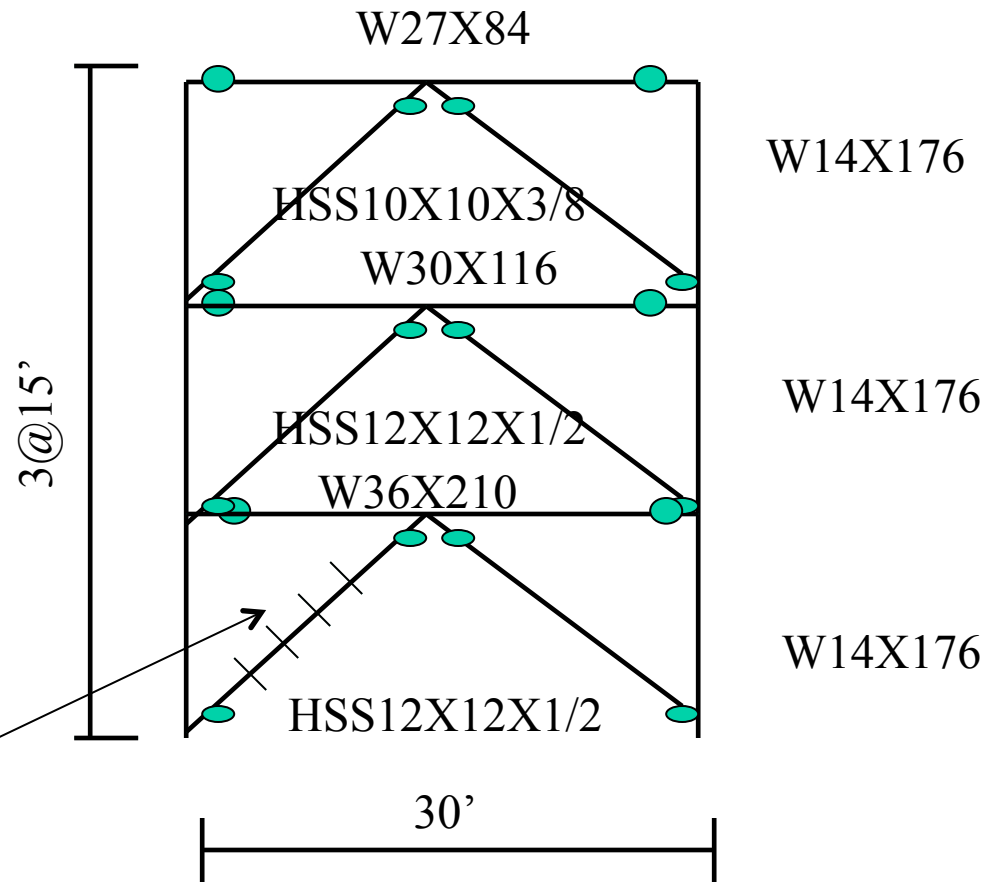
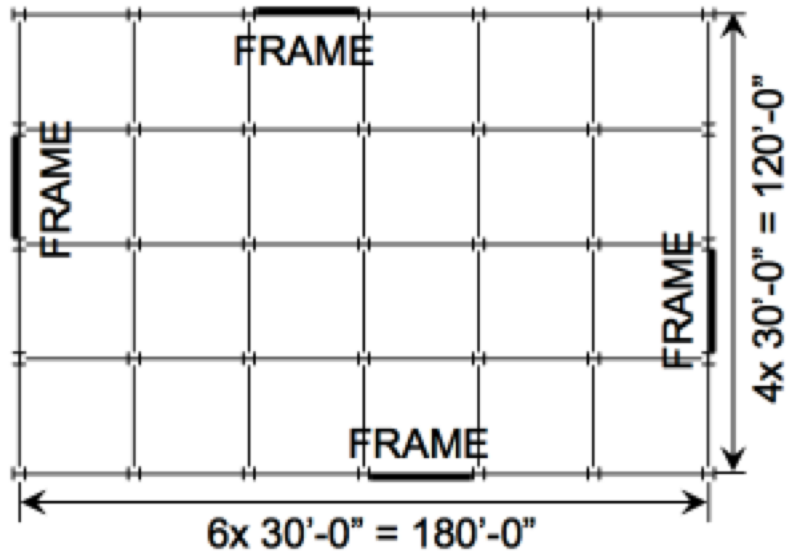


Inverted V-bracing
(Chevron)



V-bracing

- Beams pinned at column



#number of beam elements
pinned at either end

Imperfection so will buckle

```
proc HSSbrace $eleTag $iNode $jNode $secType $matTag $numSeg $imperfection $transfTag arg
```



D Lignos (McGill)

```

source Steel2d.tcl
# set up my structure
set colLocations {0. 180. 360.}
set floorLocations {0. 180. 360. 540.}
set masses {0. 0.419 0.419 0.400}
set colSizes {W14X176 W14X176 W14X176};
set beamSizes {W36X210 W30X116 W27X84};
set braceSizes {HSS12X12X1/2 HSS12X12X1/2 HSS10X10X3/8}

```

```

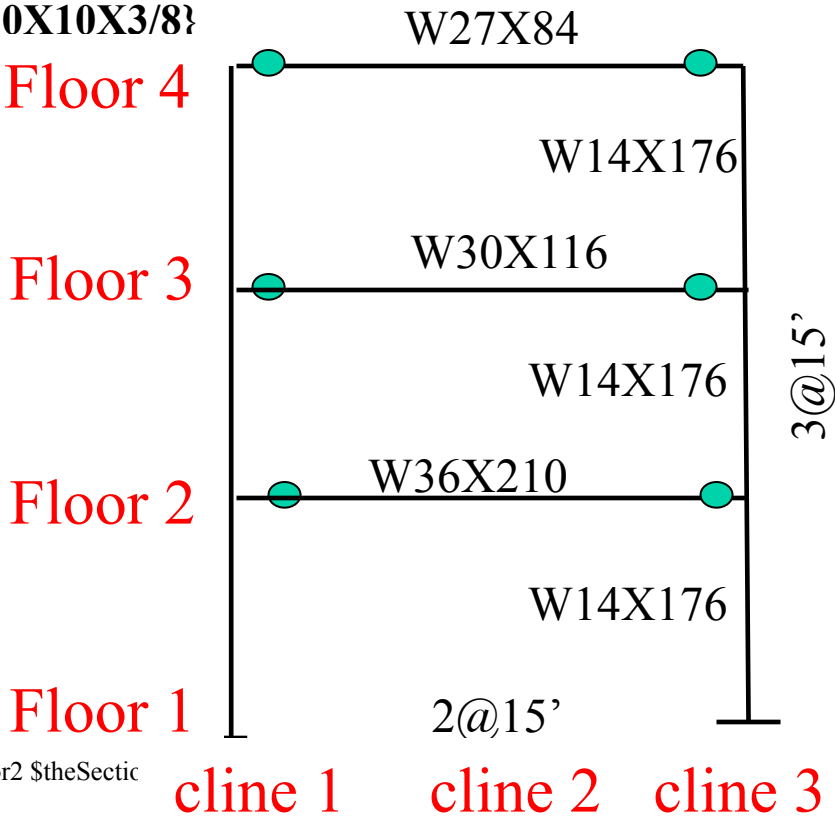
set numFloor [llength $floorLocations]
set numStory [expr $numFloor-1]
set numCline [llength $colLocations]

model BasicBuilder -ndm 2 -ndf 3;
#add the Nodes
for {set floor 1} {$floor <= $numFloor} {incr floor 1} {
  set floorLoc [lindex $floorLocations [expr $floor-1]]
  set mass [lindex $masses [expr $floor-1]]
  for {set colLine 1} {$colLine <= $numCline} {incr colLine 1} {
    set colLoc [lindex $colLocations [expr $colLine-1]]
    node $colLine$floor $colLoc $floorLoc -mass $mass $mass 0.
    if {$floor == 1} {
      fix $colLine$floor 1 1 1
    }
  }
}
# define material for col and beams
uniaxialMaterial Steel02 1 50.0 29000 0.03 20 0.925 0.15 0.0005 0.01 0.0005 0.01

# add the columns
geomTransf PDelta 1
for {set colLine 1} {$colLine <= $numCline} {incr colLine 2} {
  for {set floor1 1} {$floor1 < $numFloor} {incr floor1 1} {
    set floor2 [expr $floor1+1]
    set theSection [lindex $colSizes [expr $floor1 -1]]
    ForceBeamWSection2d $colLine$floor1 $colLine$floor2 $colLine$floor1 $colLine$floor2 $theSection
  }
}

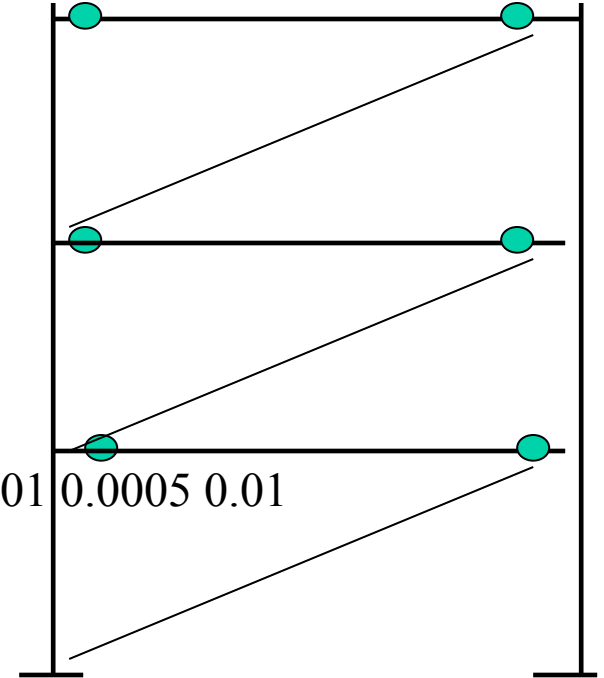
# add the beams, pinned connection at column end
geomTransf Linear 2
for {set floor 2} {$floor <= $numFloor} {incr floor 1} {
  set colLine1 1; set colLine2 2; set colLine3 3;
  set theSection [lindex $beamSizes [expr $floor -2]]
  DispBeamWSection2d $colLine1$floor $colLine2$floor $colLine1$floor $colLine2$floor $theSection 1 2 -release1
  DispBeamWSection2d $colLine2$floor $colLine3$floor $colLine2$floor $colLine3$floor $theSection 1 2 -release2
}

```



cline 1 cline 2 cline 3
 * While diagonal and X braced models do not need me to break up beams, I am doing so as to keep all examples the same.

CBF1.tcl (Diagonal bracing)



```
source Steel2d.tcl
# set up my structure
set colLocations {0. 180. 360.}
set floorLocations {0. 180. 360. 540.}
set masses {0. 0.419 0.419 0.400}
set colSizes {W14X176 W14X176 W14X176};
set beamSizes {W36X210 W30X116 W27X84};
set braceSizes {HSS12X12X1/2 HSS12X12X1/2 HSS10X10X3/8}
```

```
set numFloor [llength $floorLocations]
set numStory [expr $numFloor-1]
set numCline [llength $colLocations]

model BasicBuilder -ndm 2 -ndf 3;
#add the Nodes
for {set floor 1} {$floor <= $numFloor} {incr floor 1} {
  set floorLoc [lindex $floorLocations [expr $floor-1]]
  set mass [lindex $masses [expr $floor-1]]
  for {set col line 1} {$col line <= $numCline} {incr col line 1}
```

```
# define material for braces
set Fy_b 46.0;
```

```
set E0 0.095
set m -0.3
```

```
uniaxialMaterial Steel02 2 $Fy_b $Es $b 20 0.925 0.15 0.0005 0.01 0.0005 0.01
uniaxialMaterial Fatigue 3 2 -E0 $E0 -m $m -min -1.0 -max 0.04
```

```
set imperfection 0.001
```

```
# add the X braces
```

```
geomTransf Corotational 3
```

```
for {set story 1} {$story <= $numStory} {incr story 1} {
  set colLine1 1; set colLine2 3;
  set floor1 $story; set floor2 [expr $story +1];
```

```
  set theSection [lindex $braceSizes [expr $story -1]]
  HSSbrace $colLine1$floor1$colLine2$floor2 $colLine1$floor1 $colLine2$floor2 $theSection$
}
```


CBF2.tcl (X bracing)

```
source Steel2d.tcl
# set up my structure
set colLocations {0. 180. 360.}
set floorLocations {0. 180. 360. 540.}
set masses {0. 0.419 0.419 0.400}
set colSizes {W14X176 W14X176 W14X176};
set beamSizes {W36X210 W30X116 W27X84};
set braceSizes {HSS12X12X1/2 HSS12X12X1/2 HSS10X10X3/8}
```

```
set numFloor [llength $floorLocations]
set numStory [expr $numFloor-1]
set numCline [llength $colLocations]
```

```
model BasicBuilder -ndm 2 -ndf 3;
```

```
#add the Nodes
```

```
for {set floor 1} {$floor <= $numFloor} {incr floor 1} {
  set floorLoc [lindex $floorLocations [expr $floor-1]]
  set mass [lindex $masses [expr $floor-1]]
  for {set col line 1} {$col line <= $numCline} {incr col line 1}
```

```
# define material for braces
```

```
set Fy_b 46.0;
```

```
set E0 0.095
```

```
set m -0.3
```

```
uniaxialMaterial Steel02 2 $Fy_b $Es $b 20 0.925 0.15 0.0005 0.01 0.0005 0.01
```

```
uniaxialMaterial Fatigue 3 2 -E0 $E0 -m $m -min -1.0 -max 0.04
```

```
set imperfection 0.001
```

```
# add the X braces
```

```
geomTransf Corotational 3
```

```
for {set story 1} {$story <= $numStory} {incr story 1} {
```

```
  set colLine1 1; set colLine2 2; set colLine3 3;
```

```
  set floor1 $story; set floor2 [expr $story +1];
```

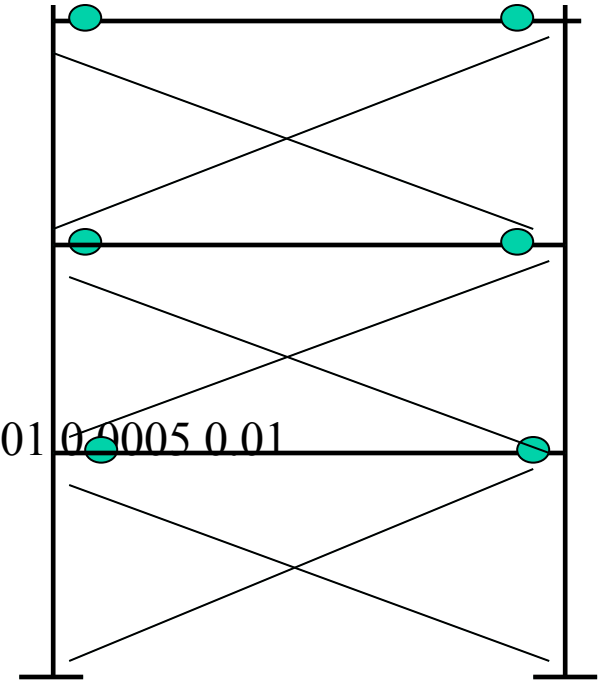
```
  set theSection [lindex $braceSizes [expr $story -1]]
```

```
  # proc HSSbrace {eleTag iNode jNode secType matTag numSeg Im transfTag args}
```

```
  HSSbrace $colLine1$floor1$colLine3$floor2 $colLine1$floor1 $colLine3$floor2 $theSection
```

```
  HSSbrace $colLine3$floor1$colLine1$floor2 $colLine3$floor1 $colLine1$floor2 $theSection
```

```
}
```



CBF3.tcl (V bracing)

```
source Steel2d.tcl
# set up my structure
set colLocations {0. 180. 360.}
set floorLocations {0. 180. 360. 540.}
set masses {0. 0.419 0.419 0.400}
set colSizes {W14X176 W14X176 W14X176};
set beamSizes {W36X210 W30X116 W27X84};
set braceSizes {HSS12X12X1/2 HSS12X12X1/2 HSS10X10X3/8}
```

```
set numFloor [llength $floorLocations]
set numStory [expr $numFloor-1]
set numCline [llength $colLocations]
```

```
model BasicBuilder -ndm 2 -ndf 3;
#add the Nodes
for {set floor 1} {$floor <= $numFloor} {incr floor 1} {
  set floorLoc [lindex $floorLocations [expr $floor-1]]
```

define material for braces

```
set Fy_b 46.0;
```

```
set E0 0.095
```

```
set m -0.3
```

```
uniaxialMaterial Steel02 2 $Fy_b $Es $b 20 0.925 0.15 0.0005 0.01 0.0005 0.01
```

```
uniaxialMaterial Fatigue 3 2 -E0 $E0 -m $m -min -1.0 -max 0.04
```

```
set imperfection 0.001
```

add the V braces

```
geomTransf Corotational 3
```

```
for {set story 1} {$story <= $numStory} {incr story 1} {
```

```
  set colLine1 1; set colLine2 2; set colLine3 3;
```

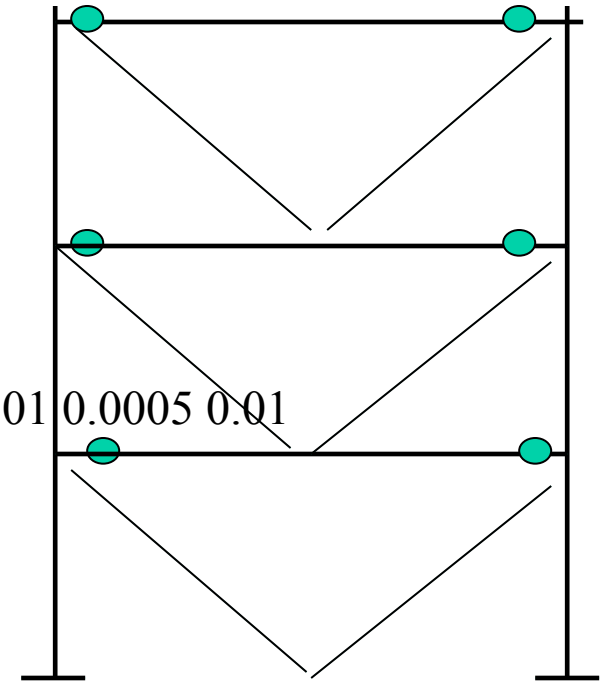
```
  set floor1 $story; set floor2 [expr $story +1];
```

```
  set theSection [lindex $braceSizes [expr $story -1]]
```

```
  HSSbrace $colLine2$floor1$colLine1$floor2 $colLine2$floor1 $colLine1$floor2 $theSection
```

```
  HSSbrace $colLine2$floor1$colLine3$floor2 $colLine2$floor1 $colLine3$floor2 $theSection
```

```
}
```



```

source Steel2d.tcl
# set up my structure
set colLocations {0. 180. 360.}
set floorLocations {0. 180. 360. 540.}
set masses {0. 0.419 0.419 0.400}
set colSizes {W14X176 W14X176 W14X176};
set beamSizes {W36X210 W30X116 W27X84};
set braceSizes {HSS12X12X1/2 HSS12X12X1/2 HSS10X10X3/8}

```

```

set numFloor [llength $floorLocations]
set numStory [expr $numFloor-1]
set numCline [llength $colLocations]

model BasicBuilder -ndm 2 -ndf 3;
#add the Nodes
for {set floor 1} {$floor <= $numFloor} {incr floor 1} {

```

define material for braces

```
set Fy_b 46.0;
```

```
set E0 0.095
```

```
set m -0.3
```

```
uniaxialMaterial Steel02 2 $Fy_b $Es $b 20 0.925 0.15 0.0005 0.01 0.0005 0.01
```

```
uniaxialMaterial Fatigue 3 2 -E0 $E0 -m $m -min -1.0 -max 0.04
```

```
set imperfection 0.001
```

add the inverted V braces

```
geomTransf Corotational 3
```

```
for {set story 1} {$story <= $numStory} {incr story 1} {
```

```
set colLine1 1; set colLine2 2; set colLine3 3;
```

```
set floor1 $story; set floor2 [expr $story +1];
```

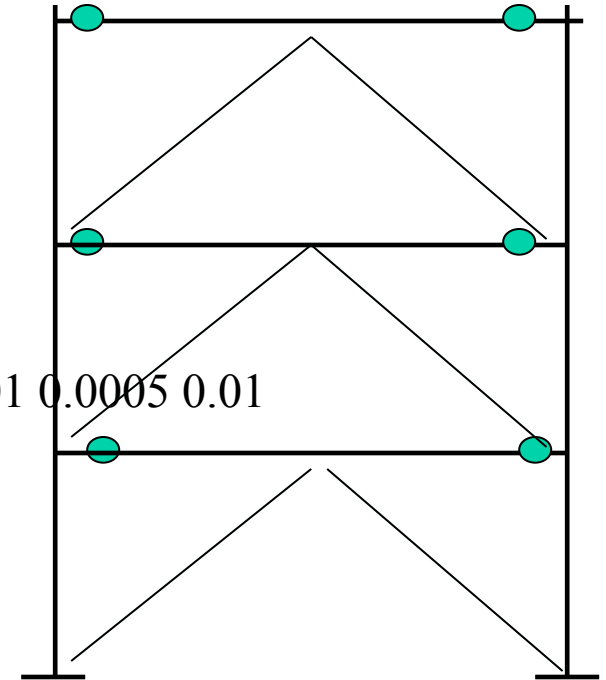
```
set theSection [lindex $braceSizes [expr $story -1]]
```

```
HSSbrace $colLine1$floor1$colLine2$floor2 $colLine1$floor1 $colLine2$floor2 $theSection 3
```

```
HSSbrace $colLine3$floor1$colLine2$floor2 $colLine3$floor1 $colLine2$floor2 $theSection 3
```

```
}
```

CBF4.tcl (inverted V bracing)



Outline of Seminar

- Introduction
- Moment Frame Example 1
- Moment Frame Example 2
- Braced Frame Examples
- Conclusions



- THINK Before You Type
- Develop a Library of Procedures
- If Done **Correctly**, someone who develops their models using a scripting language will crush someone who has to use a GUI.

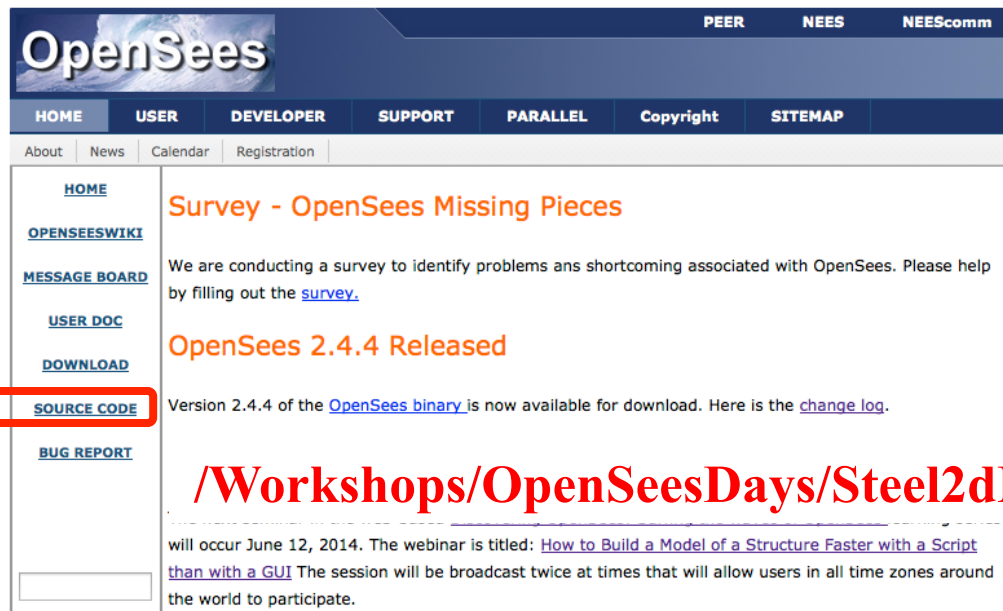
*** AND Spend the time you save with scripting to explore the effects of modeling choices (i.e. element types, discretizations, ..) on the response.**

Obtaining This Source Code

svn option:

```
svn co svn://opensees.berkeley.edu:/usr/local/svn/OpenSees/trunk/Workshops/OpenSeesDays/Steel2dModels Steel2dModels
```

browser option (source on main page):



The screenshot shows the OpenSees website interface. At the top, there is a navigation bar with links for PEER, NEES, and NEEScomm. Below that is a main navigation bar with links for HOME, USER, DEVELOPER, SUPPORT, PARALLEL, Copyright, and SITEMAP. A secondary navigation bar includes links for About, News, Calendar, and Registration. The left sidebar contains a vertical list of links: HOME, OPENSEESWIKI, MESSAGE BOARD, USER DOC, DOWNLOAD, SOURCE CODE (highlighted with a red box), and BUG REPORT. The main content area features several announcements: a survey titled 'Survey - OpenSees Missing Pieces', a notice about the survey, an announcement for 'OpenSees 2.4.4 Released', and a link to the 'change log'. At the bottom of the main content area, there is a red heading for '/Workshops/OpenSeesDays/Steel2dModels' and a paragraph of text about a webinar on June 12, 2014.

[/Workshops/OpenSeesDays/Steel2dModels](#)

will occur June 12, 2014. The webinar is titled: [How to Build a Model of a Structure Faster with a Script than with a GUI](#) The session will be broadcast twice at times that will allow users in all time zones around the world to participate.

Any Questions?