



OpenSees

Open System for Earthquake Engineering Simulation
Pacific Earthquake Engineering Research Center



Discovering OpenSees: Surfing the Waves of OpenSees

Adding your Code to OpenSees

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<http://opensees.berkeley.edu/AddingYourCode.pdf>

Sponsored by:
NEES through NEEScomm
Pacific Earthquake Engineering Research Center
National Science Foundation

Outline

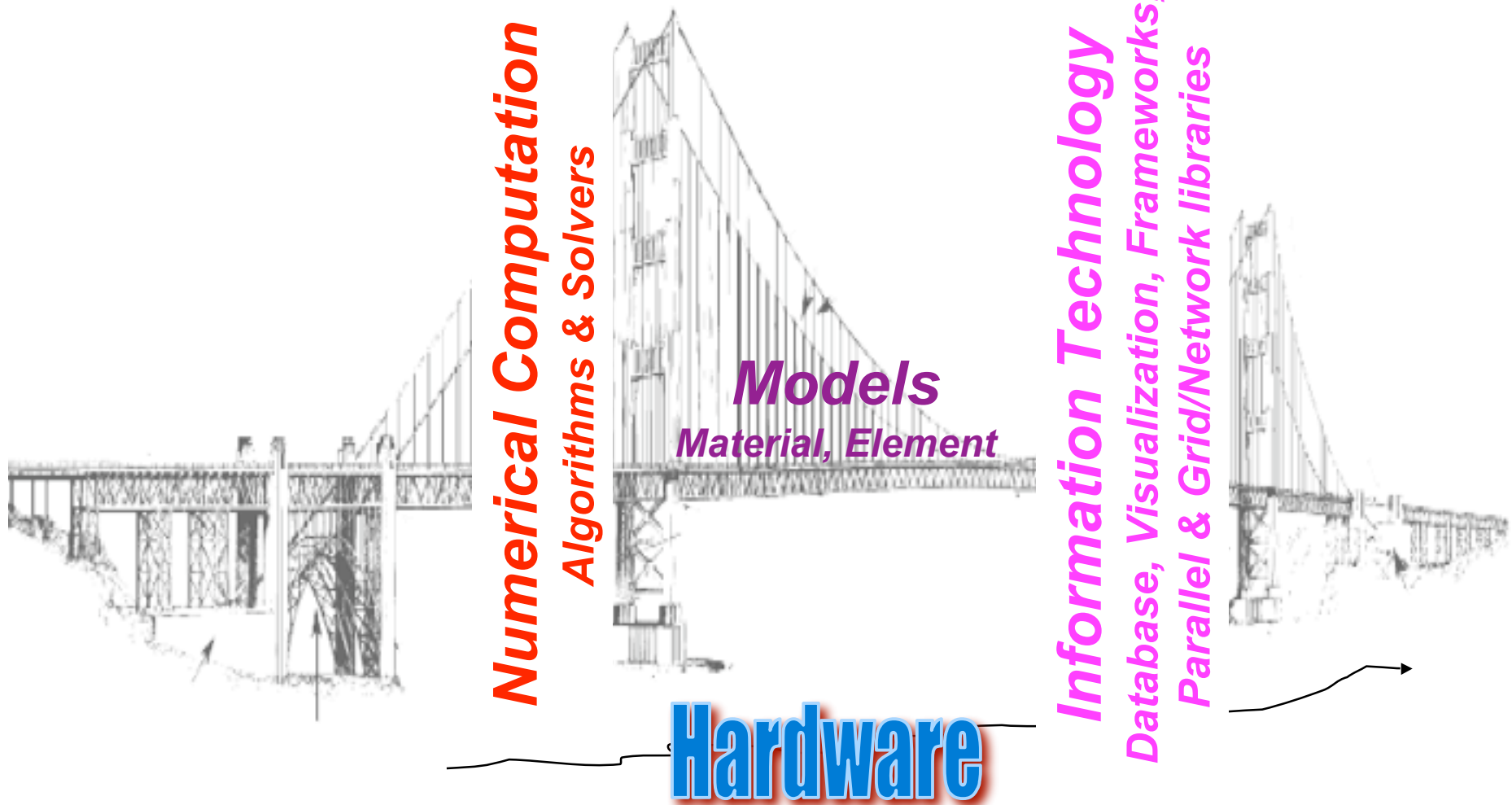
- Introduction
- Adding a New Material to OpenSees.exe
- Adding a New Integrator to OpenSees.exe
- Summary & Conclusions

**NOTE: I HOPE NOT TO GET BOGGED
DOWN IN C++ ISSUES .. THIS IS NOT
A WEBINAR ON HOW TO PROGRAM!**

Traditional Finite Element Software

- Commercial fe codes **are large complex** software containing over one million lines of code. They **are closed-source** but **do allow new element and material routines to be added.** (at least the serious ones do)
- They are **slow to change** as hardware changes and they do **not allow researchers to play with other equally important aspects of the code.** They **do not promote the active sharing of new code.**

Building Blocks for Modern Simulation



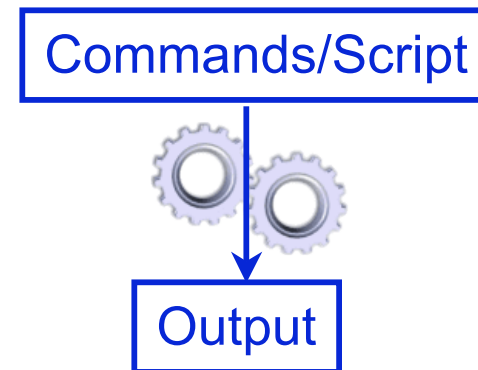
OpenSees Goals

- To use **modern software techniques** to evolve an **extensible** finite element software platform for earthquake engineering that would encompass both **structural & geotechnical engineering** and be able to change with the **rapidly changing hardware resources**.
- To provide a common analytical research framework for **researchers to educate students & share new knowledge**.
- To foster a mechanism whereby new research could be **disseminated quickly to industry for testing and adoption**.

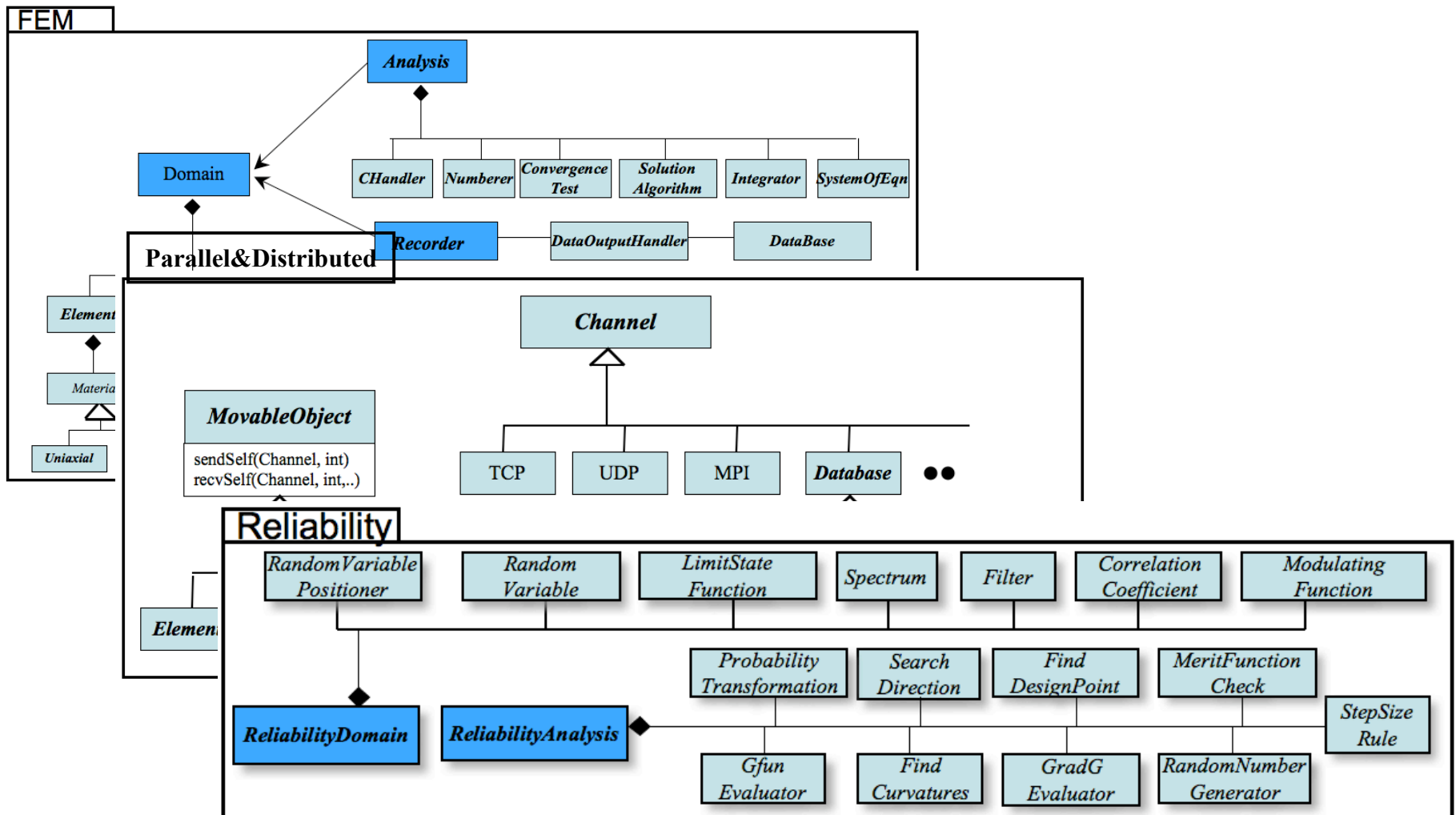
OpenSees Classes

- To achieve these goals we developed an **open-source framework** for the development of **sequential and parallel** finite element applications. This framework we call **OpenSees**.
- The framework contains many classes provided by ourselves and **many many others** that allows you to build finite element applications.

One example of which is the interpreted finite element application, **OpenSees.exe**.



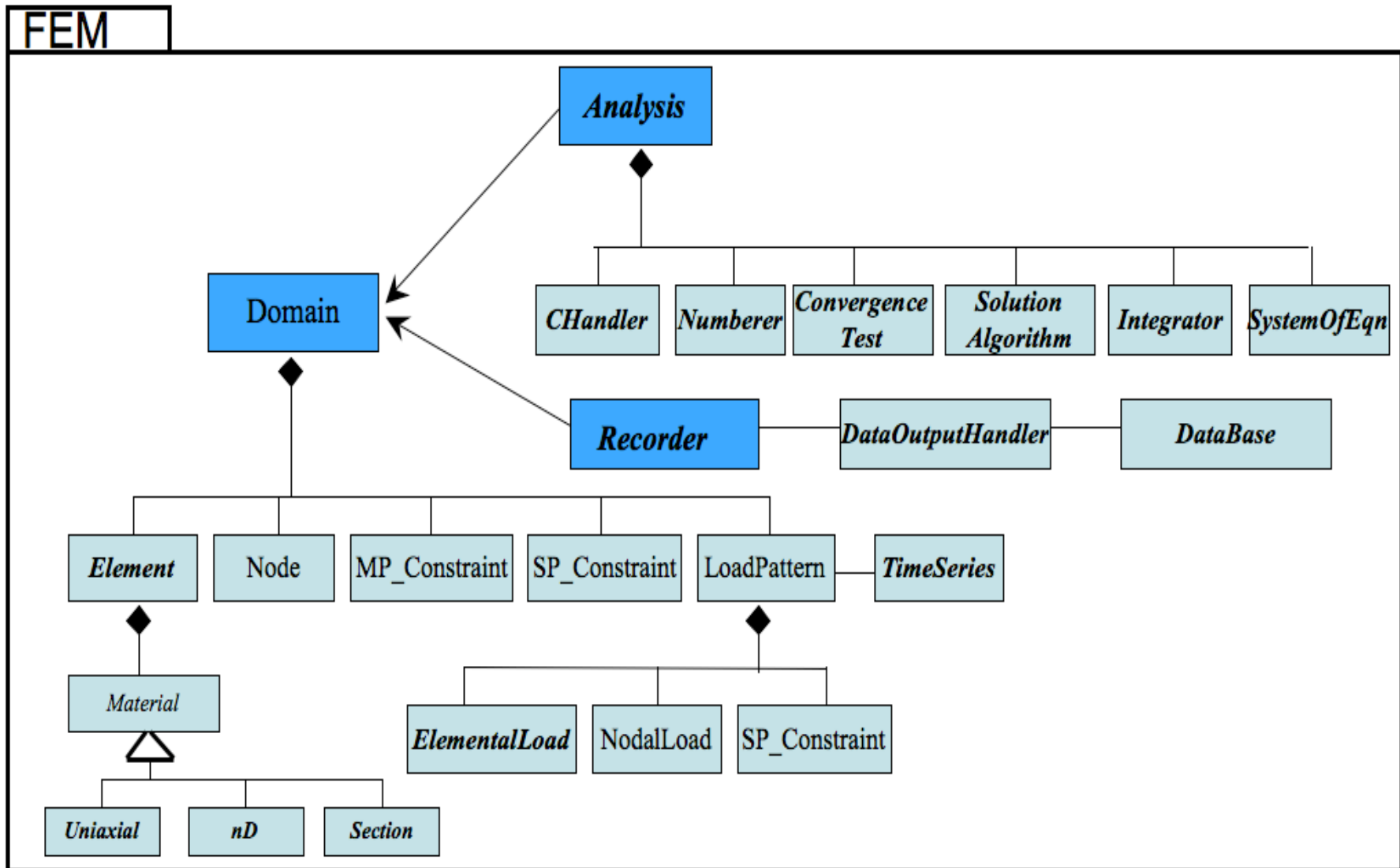
OpenSees Abstract Classes



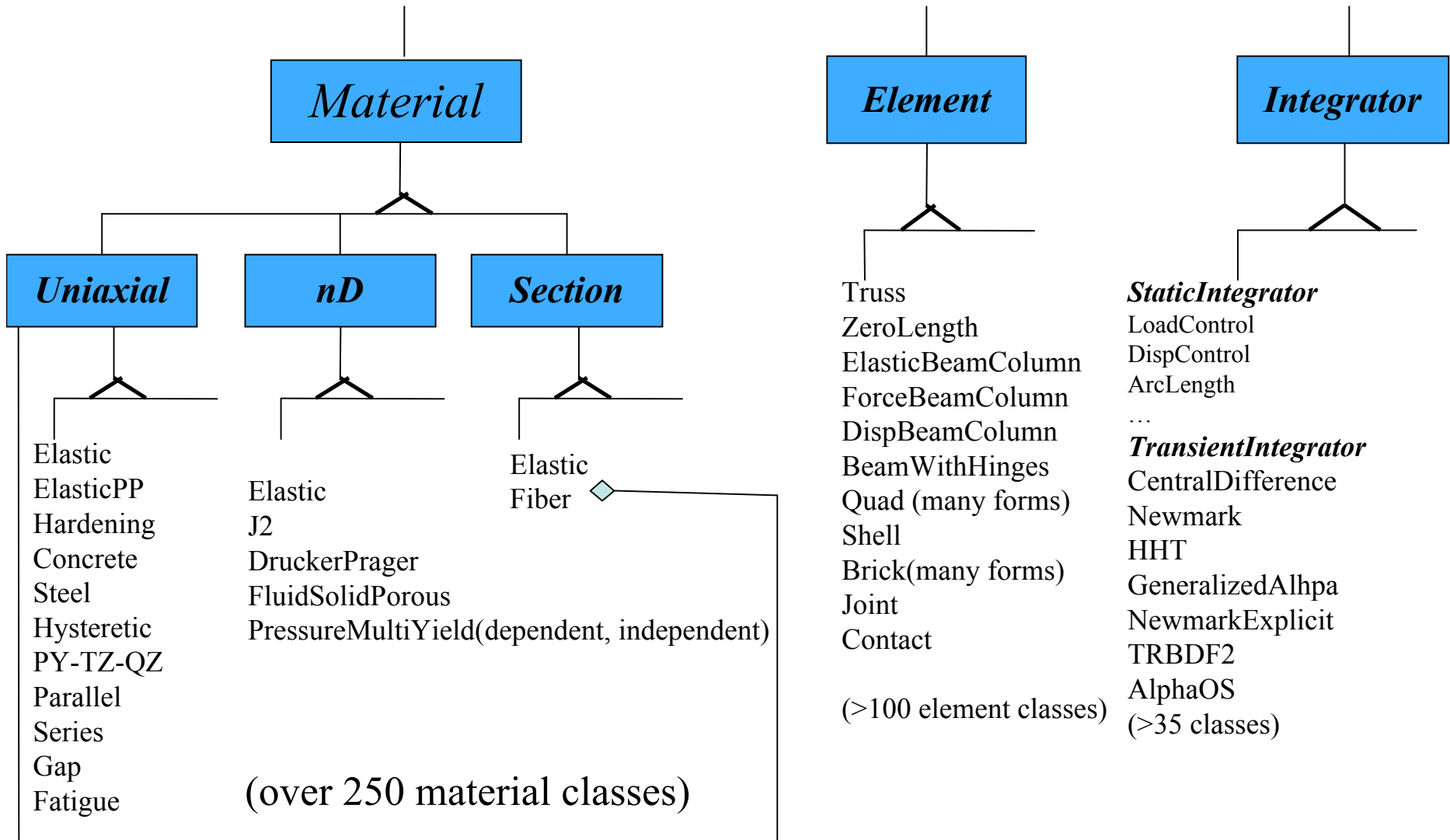
Currently over 1000 classes (modules)!

**THE ADVANTAGE OF A
SOFTWARE FRAMEWORK
SUCH AS OPENSEES IS THAT
YOU DON'T HAVE TO
UNDERSTAND ALL OF IT TO
BUILD APPLICATIONS OR
MAKE CONTRIBUTIONS
YOU JUST NEED TO
UNDERSTAND THAT PART
THAT CONCERNS YOU**

OPENSEES FEM ABSTRACT CLASSES

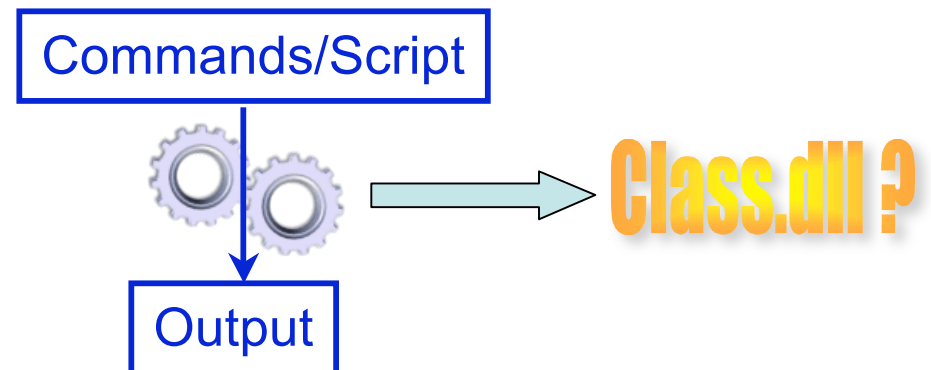


Framework Contains both Abstract Classes & Concrete Subclasses



Unknown Class Type

When OpenSees.exe is running and it comes across a class type it knows nothing about **BEFORE GIVING AN ERROR IT WILL TRY AND LOAD A LIBRARY OF THAT CLASSES NAME.** If it cannot find a **library of the appropriate name** or the **procedure of the appropriate name** in the library it will **FAIL.**



Command Prompt

Microsoft Windows [Version 6.1.7601]
Copyright (c) 2009 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.

C:\Users\PEER Center>cd DEVELOPER

C:\Users\PEER Center\DEVELOPER>cd material

C:\Users\PEER Center\DEVELOPER\material>cd cpp

C:\Users\PEER Center\DEVELOPER\material\cpp>OpenSees Example1.tcl

OpenSees -- Open System For Earthquake Engineering Simulation
Pacific Earthquake Engineering Research Center -- 2.3.2

(c) Copyright 1999,2000 The Regents of the University of California
All Rights Reserved
<Copyright and Disclaimer @ <http://www.berkeley.edu/OpenSees/copyright.html>>

WARNING could not create uniaxialMaterial ElasticPPcpp

while executing
"uniaxialMaterial ElasticPPcpp 1 3000 0.001"
<file "Example1.tcl" line 21>

C:\Users\PEER Center\DEVELOPER\material\cpp>

To Add a New Class you must:

- 1) Provide Code that meets the Interface of the appropriate super-class
- 2) you must BUILD THE LIBRARY
- 3) make it accessible to the program.

**WHILE C++ IS THE GLUE LANGUAGE
THAT HOLDS OPENSEES TOGETHER**

**YOUR CODE DOES NOT HAVE TO BE
WRITTEN IN C++.**

**C and FORTRAN OPTIONS ARE ALSO
AVAILABLE**

UniaxialMaterial Interface

```
class UniaxialMaterial : public Material
{
public:
    UniaxialMaterial(int tag, int classTag);
    virtual ~UniaxialMaterial();

    virtual int setTrialStrain(double strain, double strainRate = 0.0) = 0;
    virtual double getStrain(void) = 0;
    virtual double getStress(void) = 0;
    virtual double getTangent(void) = 0;
    virtual double getInitialtangent(void) = 0;

    virtual int commitState(void) = 0;
    virtual int revertToLastCommit(void) = 0;
    virtual int revertToStart(void) = 0;

    virtual UniaxialMaterial *getCopy(void) = 0;

    virtual Response *setResponse(const char **argv, int argc, OPS_Stream &theOutput);
    virtual int getResponse(int responseID, Information &info);
    virtual void Print(OPS_Stream &s, int flag = 0);

    virtual int sendSelf(int commitTag, Channel &theChannel)=0;
    virtual int recvSelf(int commitTag, Chanel &theChannel, FEM_ObjectBroker &theBroker)=0;
    // THERE ARE SOME OTHERS .. BUT THESE ARE PURE VIRTUAL ONES THAT MUST BE PROVIDED
protected:
private:
};
```

Must be overridden by subclass, “pure virtual”

Can be overridden by subclass

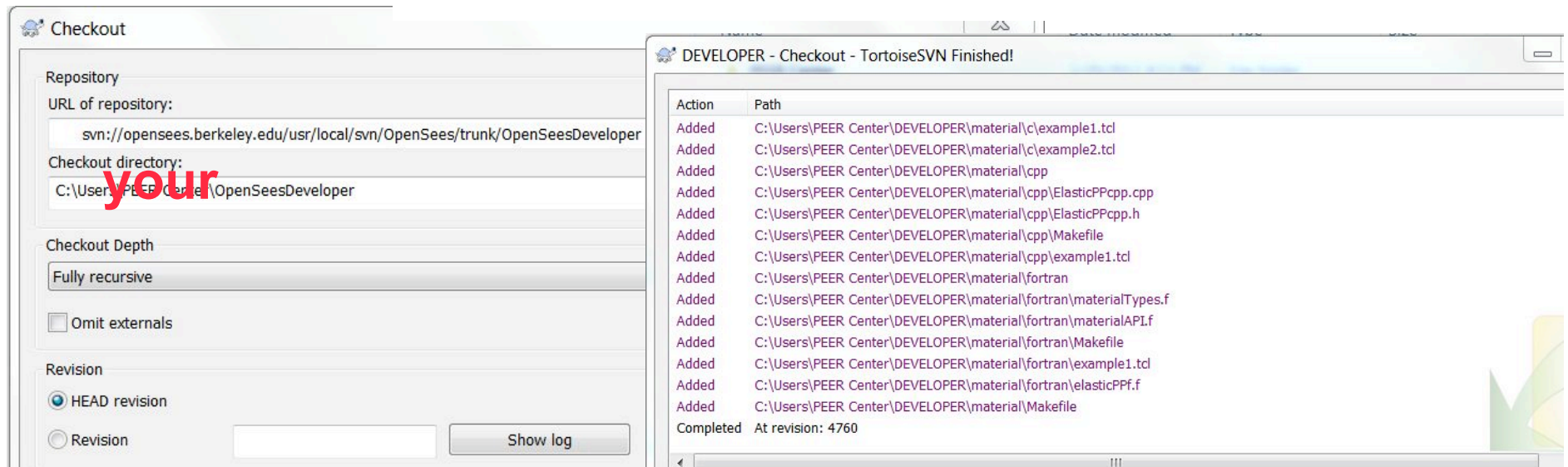
Adding New Code

For those new to Programming **NEVER EVER NEVER START WITH AN EMPTY FILE** .. TAKE SOMETHING SIMILAR THAT WORKS AND MAKE CHANGES TO THAT FILE.

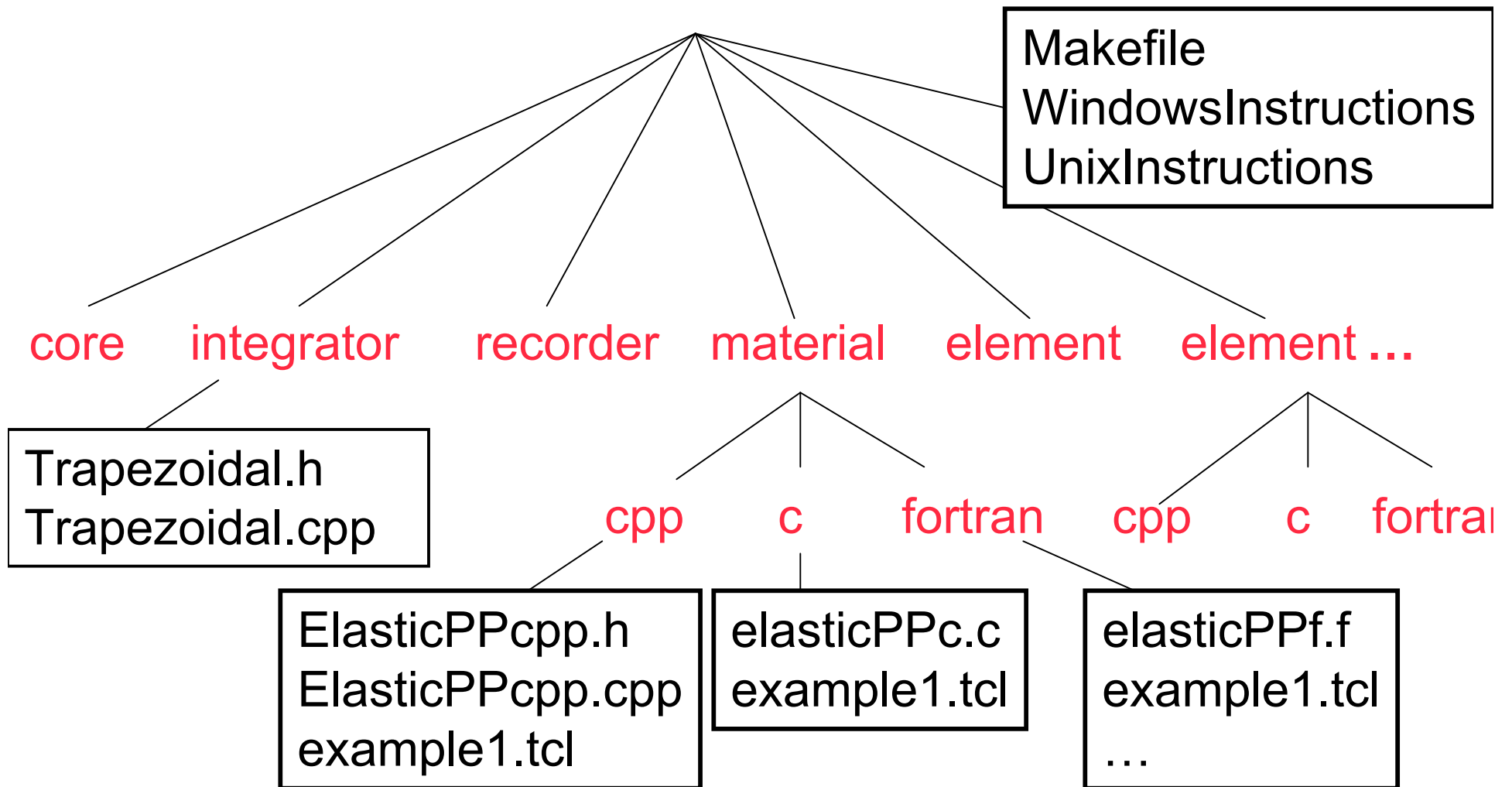
We provide C++, C and Fortran examples on-line using svn

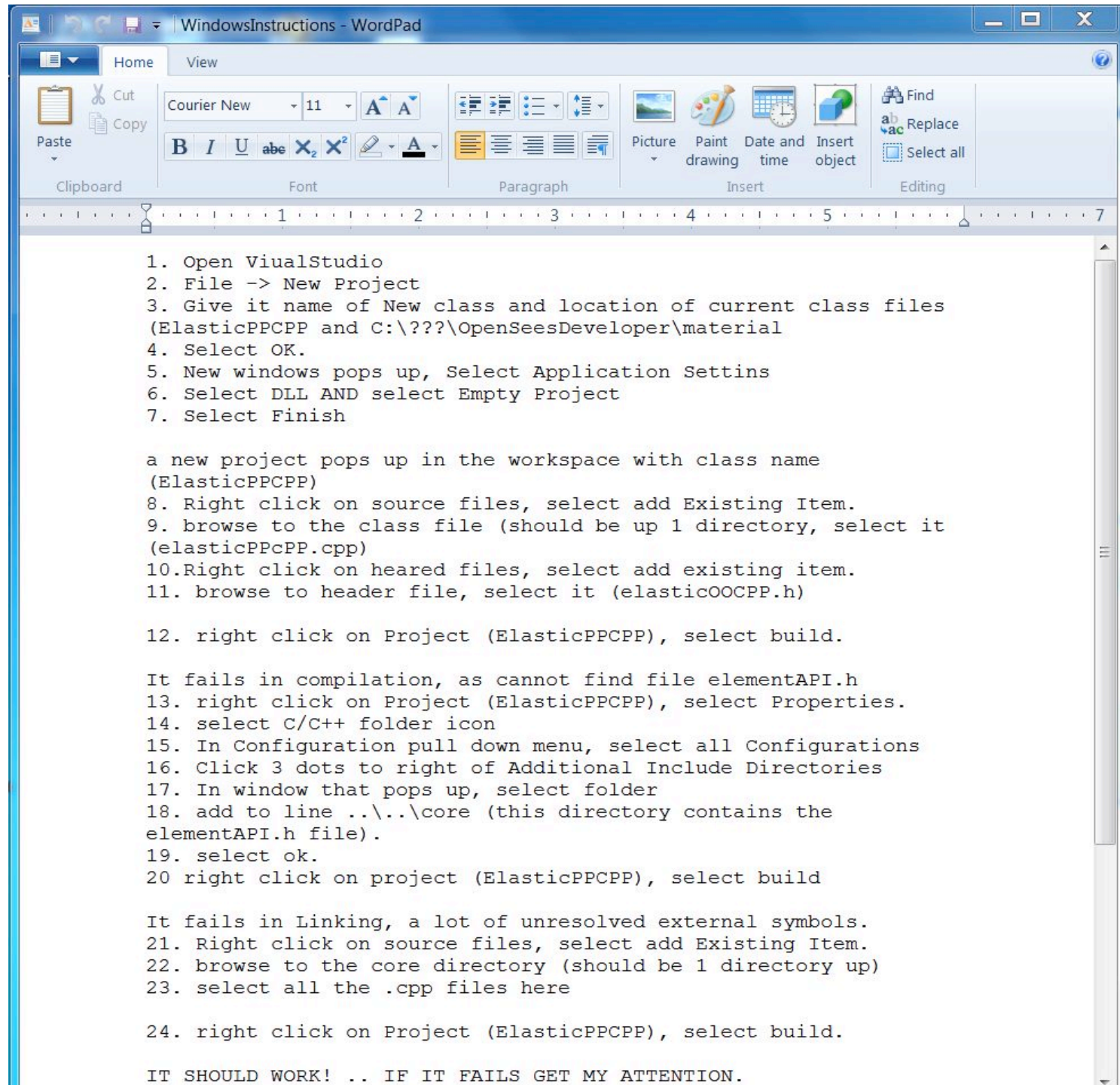
svn://opensees.berkeley.edu/usr/local/svn/OpenSees/trunk/DEVELOPER

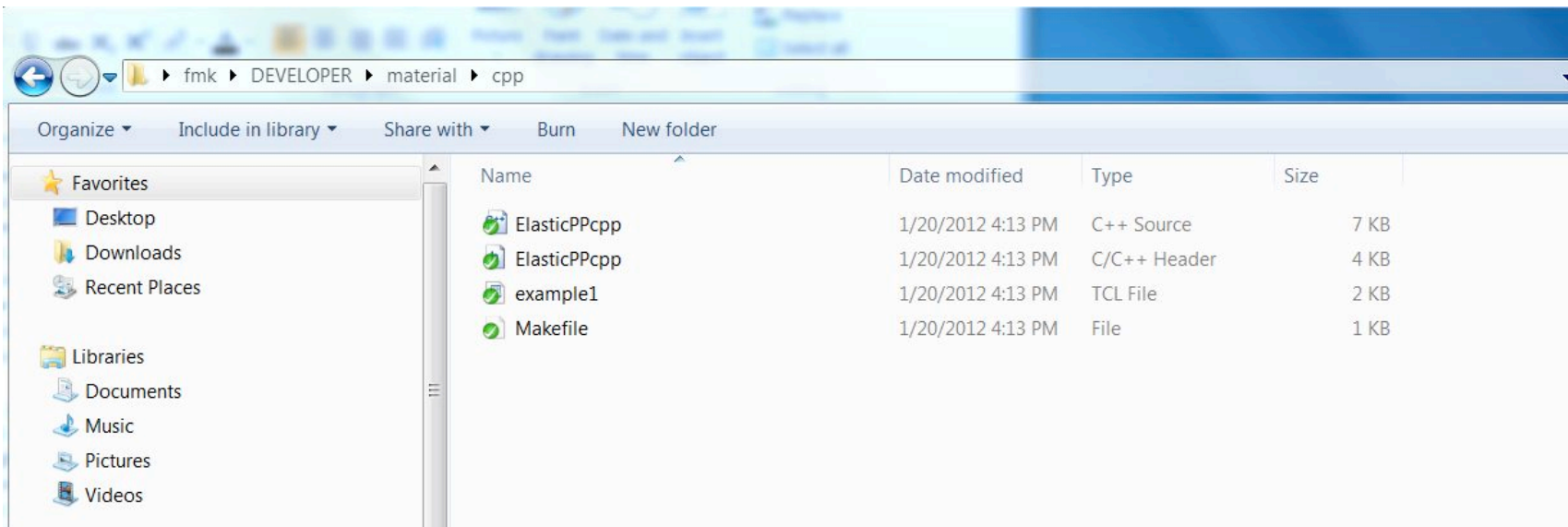
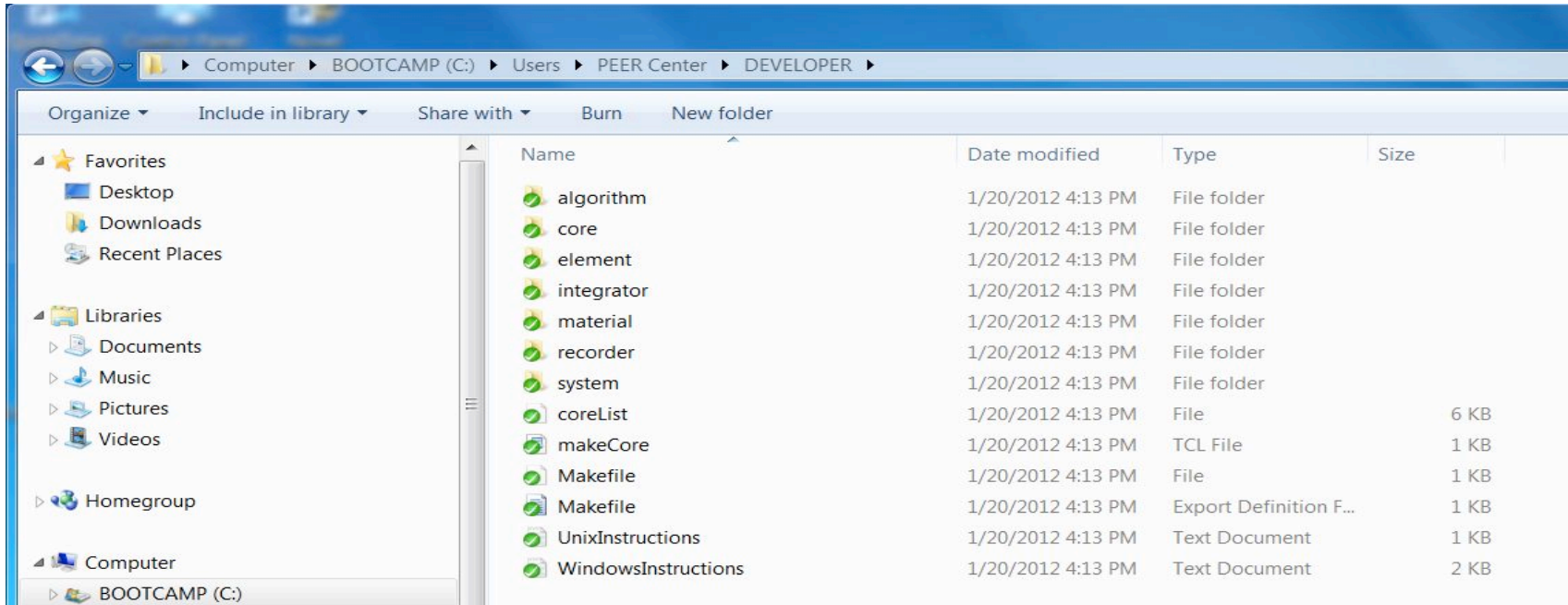
TortoiseSVN for Windows Users



Source Code Tree in DEVELOPER







Interface (.h file)

Material Name

```
class ElasticPPcpp: public UniaxialMaterial {
    public:
        ElasticPPcpp(int tag, double e, double eyp);
        ElasticPPcpp();
        ~ ElasticPPcpp();
        int setTrialStrain(double strain, double strainRate=0.0);
        double getStrain(void);
        double getStress(void);
        double getTangent(void);
        double getInitialTangent(void);

        int commitState(void);
        int revertToLastCommit(void);
        int revertToStart(void);
        UniaxialMaterial *getCopy(void);
        int sendSelf(int commitTag, Channel &theChannel);
        int recvSelf(int commitTag, Channel &theChannel, FEM_ObjectBroker &theBroker);
        void Print(OPS_Stream &s, int flag = 0);
    private:
        double fyp, fyn; // pos & neg yield stress
        double ezero, E,ep; // init strain, elastic mod
        double ep; // plastic strain at last commit
        double trialStrain, trialStress, trialTangent;
        double commitStrain, commitStress, commitTangent;
};
```

material input properties

**data unique to material includes:
Material parameters,
& State variables**

Implementation (.cpp file)

```
ElasticPPcpp::ElasticPPcpp(int tag, double e, double eyp)
:UniaxialMaterial(tag, 0),
ezero(0), E(e), ep(0.0) trialStrain(0.0),trialStress(0.0),trialTangent(e),
commitStrain(0.0),commitStress(0.0),commitTangent(e)
{
    fyp=E*eyp;
    fyn = -fyp;
}
ElasticPPcpp::ElasticPPcpp()
:UniaxialMaterial(tag, 0)
fyp(0),fyn(0),ezero(0), E(0),ep(0),
trialStrain(0.0),trialStress(0.0),trialTangent(0),
commitStrain(0.0),commitStress(0.0),commitTangent(e){
}
ElasticPPcpp::~~ElasticPPcpp
{
    // does nothing .. No memory to clean up
}
UniaxialMaterial *ElasticPPcpp::getCopy(void)
{
    ElasticPPcpp *theCopy = new ElasticPPcpp(this->getTag(), E, fyp/E);
    return theCopy;
};
```

Hardest Method to Write

Implementation

```
ElasticPPcpp::setTrialStrain(double strain, double strainRate)
{
    if (fabs(trialStrain - strain) < DBL_EPSILON)
        return 0;
    trialStrain = strain;
    double sigtrial; // trial stress
    double f; // yield function
    // compute trial stress
    sigtrial = E * ( trialStrain - ezero - ep );
    // evaluate yield function
    if ( sigtrial >= 0.0 )
        f = sigtrial - fyp;
    else
        f = -sigtrial + fyn;
    double fYieldSurface = - E * DBL_EPSILON;
    if ( f <= fYieldSurface ) {

        // elastic
        trialStress = sigtrial;
        trialTangent = E;

    } else {

        // plastic
        if ( sigtrial > 0.0 ) {
            trialStress = fyp;
        } else {
            trialStress = fyn;
        }
    }

    trialTangent = 0.0;
}

return 0;
}
```

Implementation

```
double
ElasticPPcpp::getStrain(void)
{
    return trialStrain;
}

double
ElasticPPcpp::getStress(void)
{
    return trialStress;
}

double
ElasticPPcpp::getTangent(void)
{
    return trialTangent;
}

int
ElasticPPcpp::revertToLastCommit(void)
{
    trialStrain = commitStrain;
    trialTangent = commitTangent;
    trialStress = commitStress;

    return 0;
}
```



```
OPS_Export void *  
OPS_ElasticPPcpp()
```

Interpreter looking for this function in lib

```
{  
  if (numElasticPPcpp == 0) {  
    opserr << "ElasticPPcpp uniaxial material not defined\n";  
    numElasticPPcpp = 1;  
  }  
  // Pointer to a uniaxial material that will be returned  
  UniaxialMaterial *theMaterial = 0;  
  int iData[1];  
  double dData[2];  
  int numData;  
  
  numData = 1;  
  if (OPS_GetIntInput(&numData, iData) != 0) {  
    opserr << "WARNING invalid uniaxialMaterial ElasticPP tag" << endl;  
    return 0;  
  }  
  numData = 2;  
  if (OPS_GetDoubleInput(&numData, dData) != 0) {  
    opserr << "WARNING invalid E & ep\n";  
    return 0;  
  }  
  
  theMaterial = new ElasticPPcpp(iData[0], dData[0], dData[1]);  
  
  return theMaterial;  
}
```

You can give yourself some
KUDOS, e.g. please reference
... if you used this

parse the script for
three material parameters

Function returns new material

C & Fortran Procedural Languages Can Also Be Used

```

OPS_Export void
elasticPPc (matObj *thisObj,
            modelState *model,
            double *strain,
            double *tang,
            double *stress,
            int *isw,
            int *result)
{
    *result = 0;

    if (*isw == ISW_INIT) {

        double dData[2];
        int iData[1];

        /* get the input data - tag? E? e
        int numData = 1;
        OPS_GetIntInput(&numData,
            numData = 2;
        OPS_GetDoubleInput(&numD

        /* Allocate the element state */
    }

```

```

SUBROUTINE ELASTICPPF(matObj,model,strain,tang,stress,is
!DEC$ IF DEFINED (_DLL)
!DEC$ ATTRIBUTES DLLEXPORT :: ELASTICPPF
!DEC$ END IF
    use materialTypes
    use materialAPI
    implicit none
    IF (isw.eq.ISW_INIT) THEN
c   get the input data - tag? E? eyp?

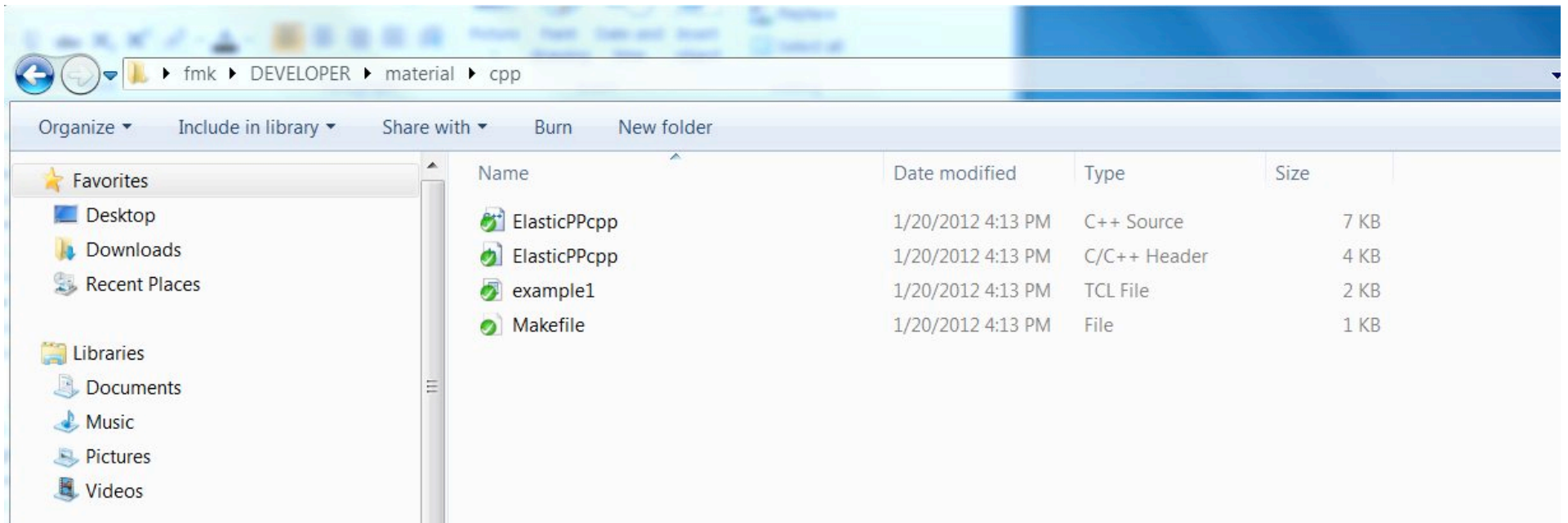
        numData = 1
        iPtr=>iData;
        err = OPS_GetIntInput(numData, iPtr)
        numData = 2
        dPtr=>dData;
        err = OPS_GetDoubleInput(numData, dPtr)

c   Allocate the element state
        matObj%tag = idata(1)
        matObj%nnparam = 2

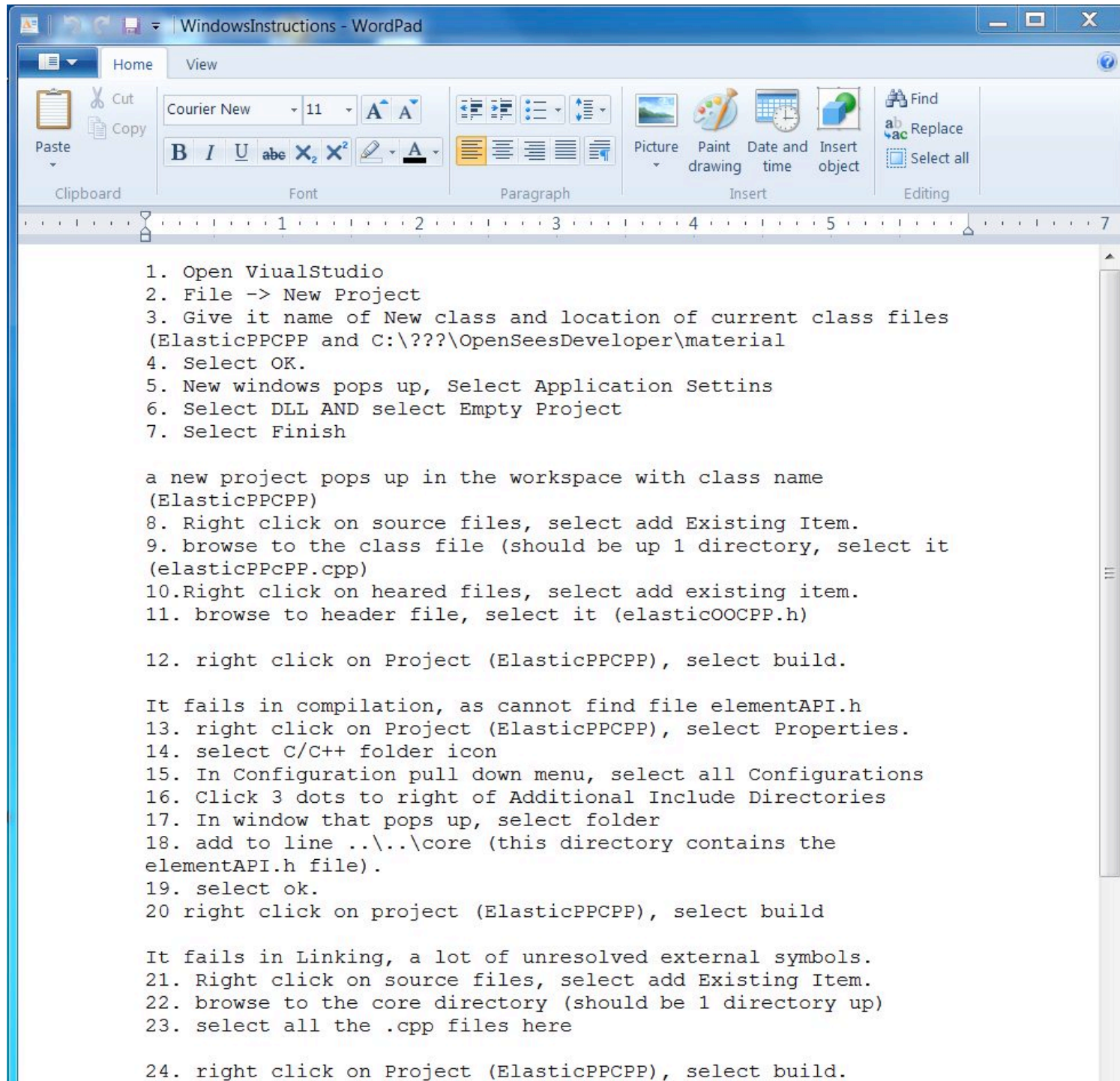
```

**What Follows are the Steps
required to Build
ElasticPPcpp.dll on a
Windows Machine with
Visual Studio 2010 Installed**

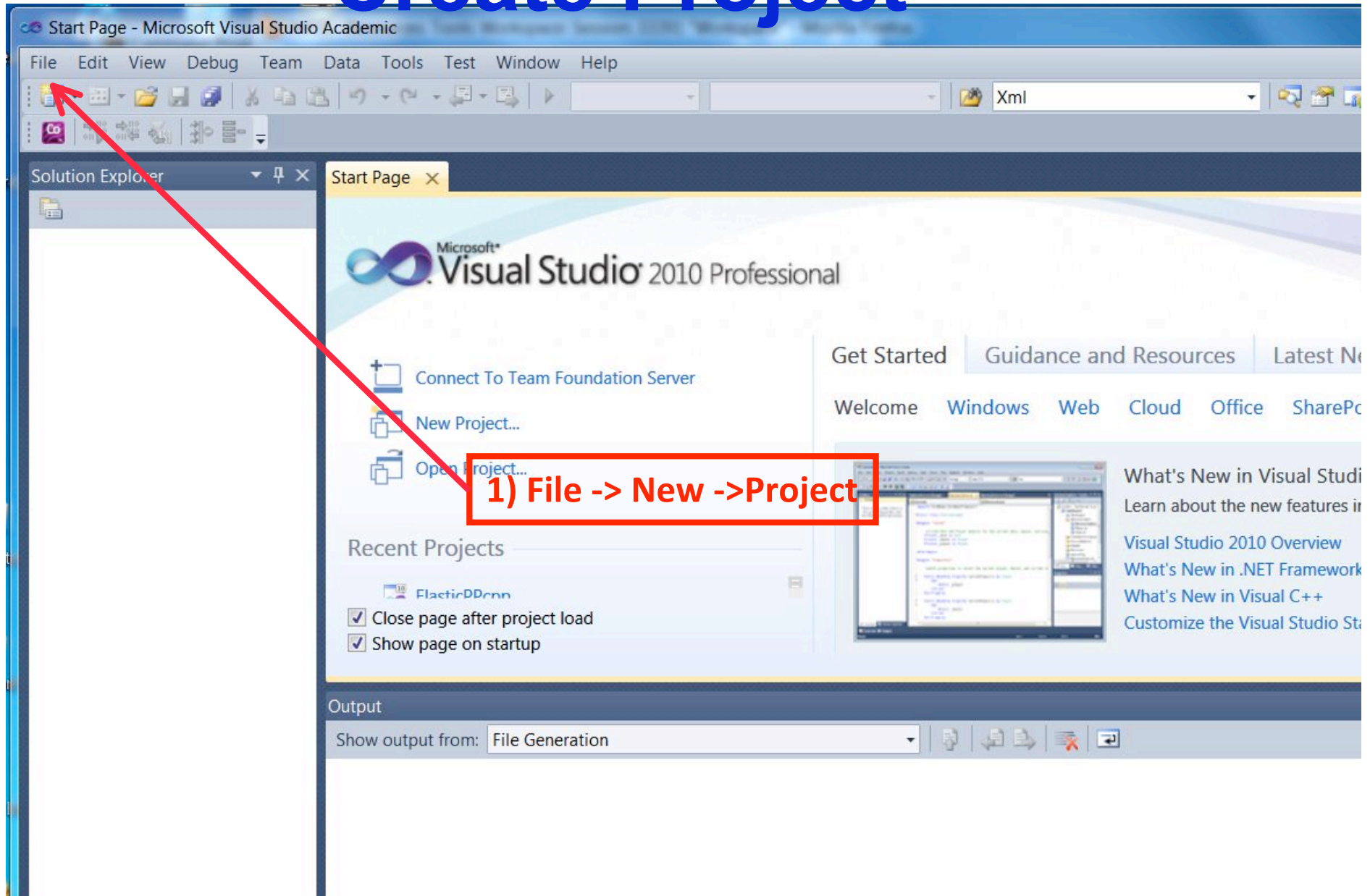
We Will Build the ElasticPPcpp.dll

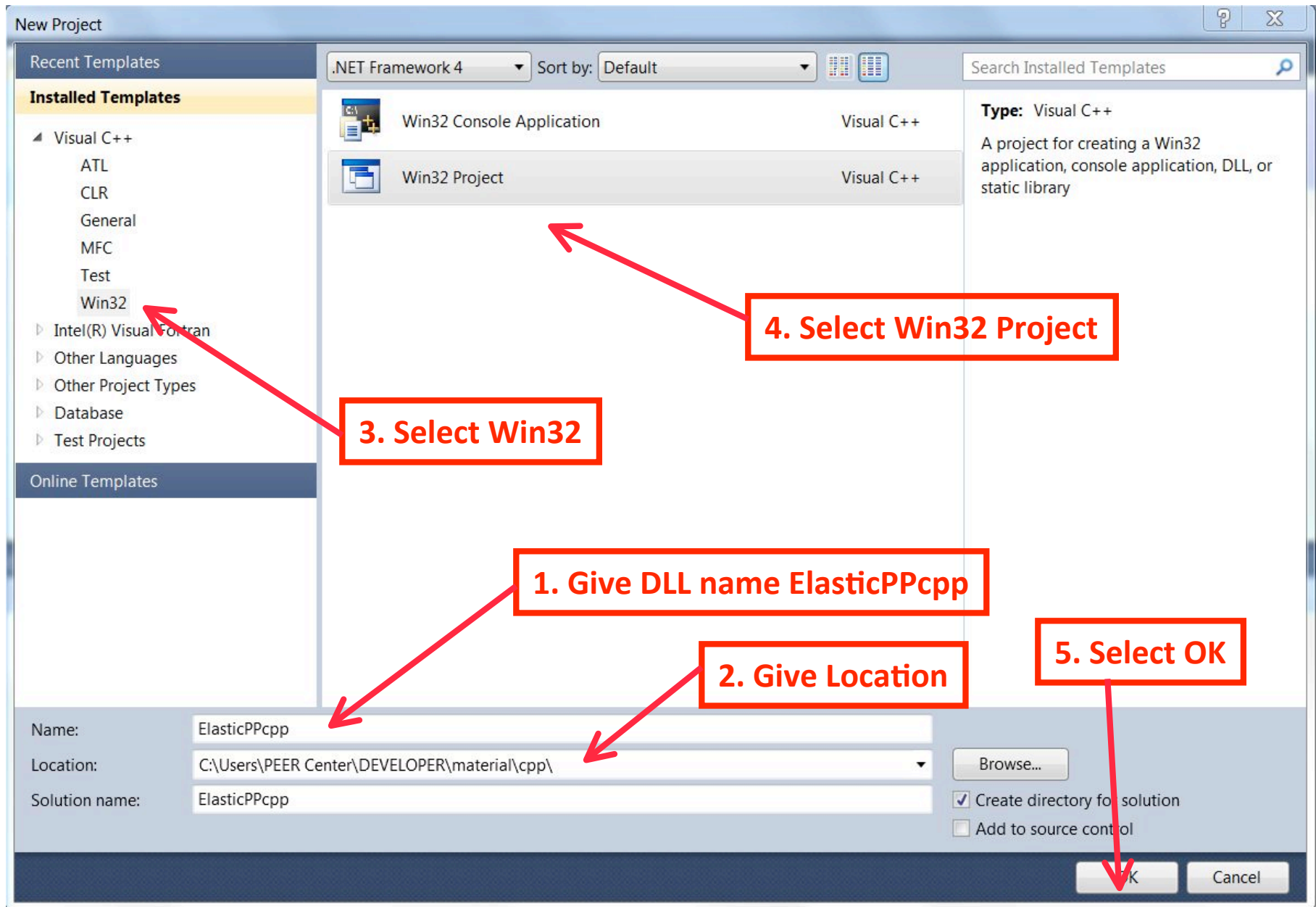


Source code and example are in
`/DEVELOPER/material/cpp`



Create Project







Welcome to the Win32 Application Wizard

Overview

Application Settings



Select Application Settings

These are the current project settings:

- Windows application

Click **Finish** from any window to accept the current settings.

After you create the project, see the project's readme.txt file for information about the project features and files that are generated.

< Previous Next > Finish Cancel



Application Settings

Overview

Application Settings

Application type:

- Windows application
- Console application
- DLL
- Static library

Add common header files for:

- ATL
- MFC

Additional options:

- Empty project
- Export symbols
- Precompiled header

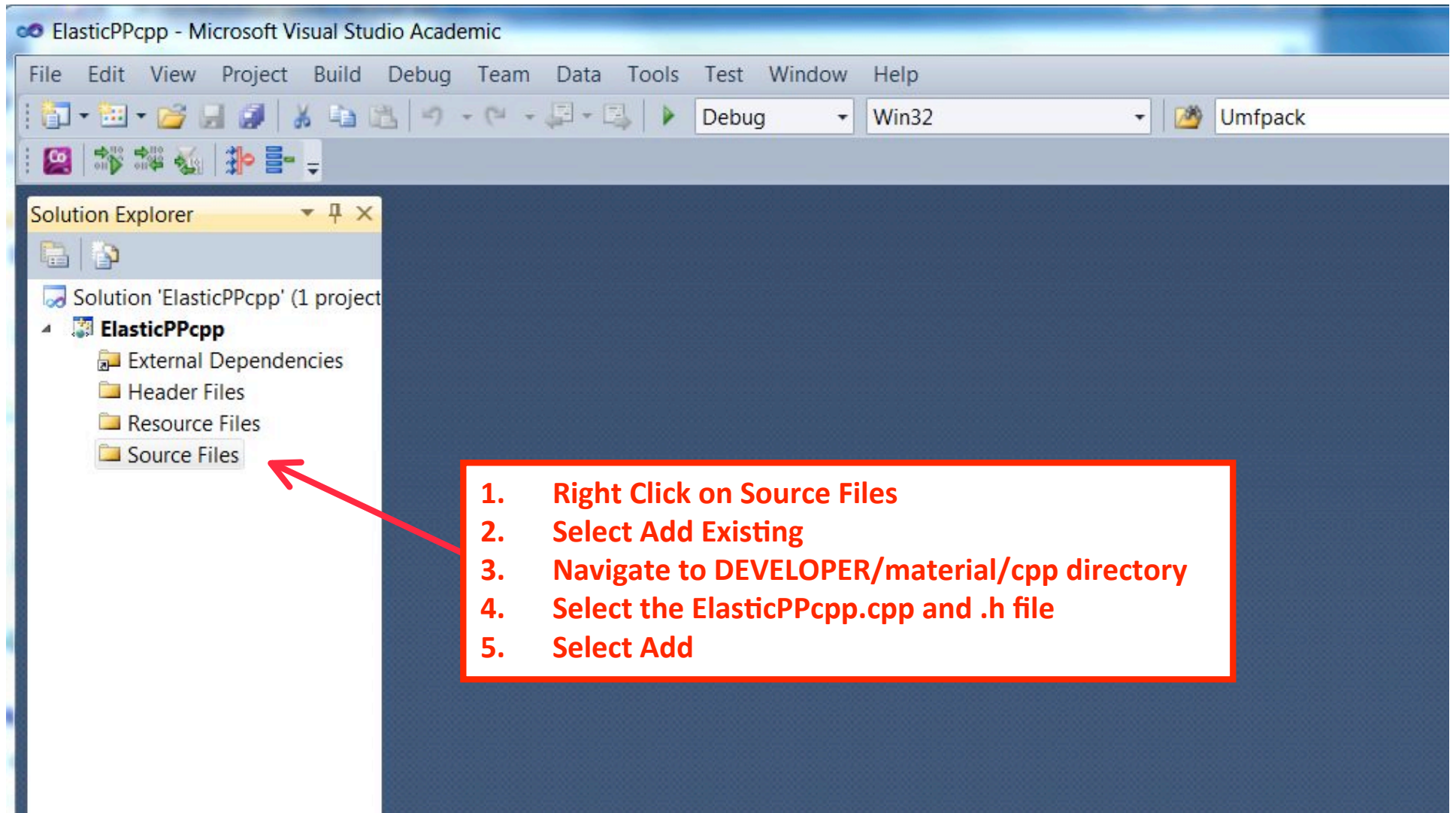
1. Select DLL

2. Select DLL

3. Select Finish

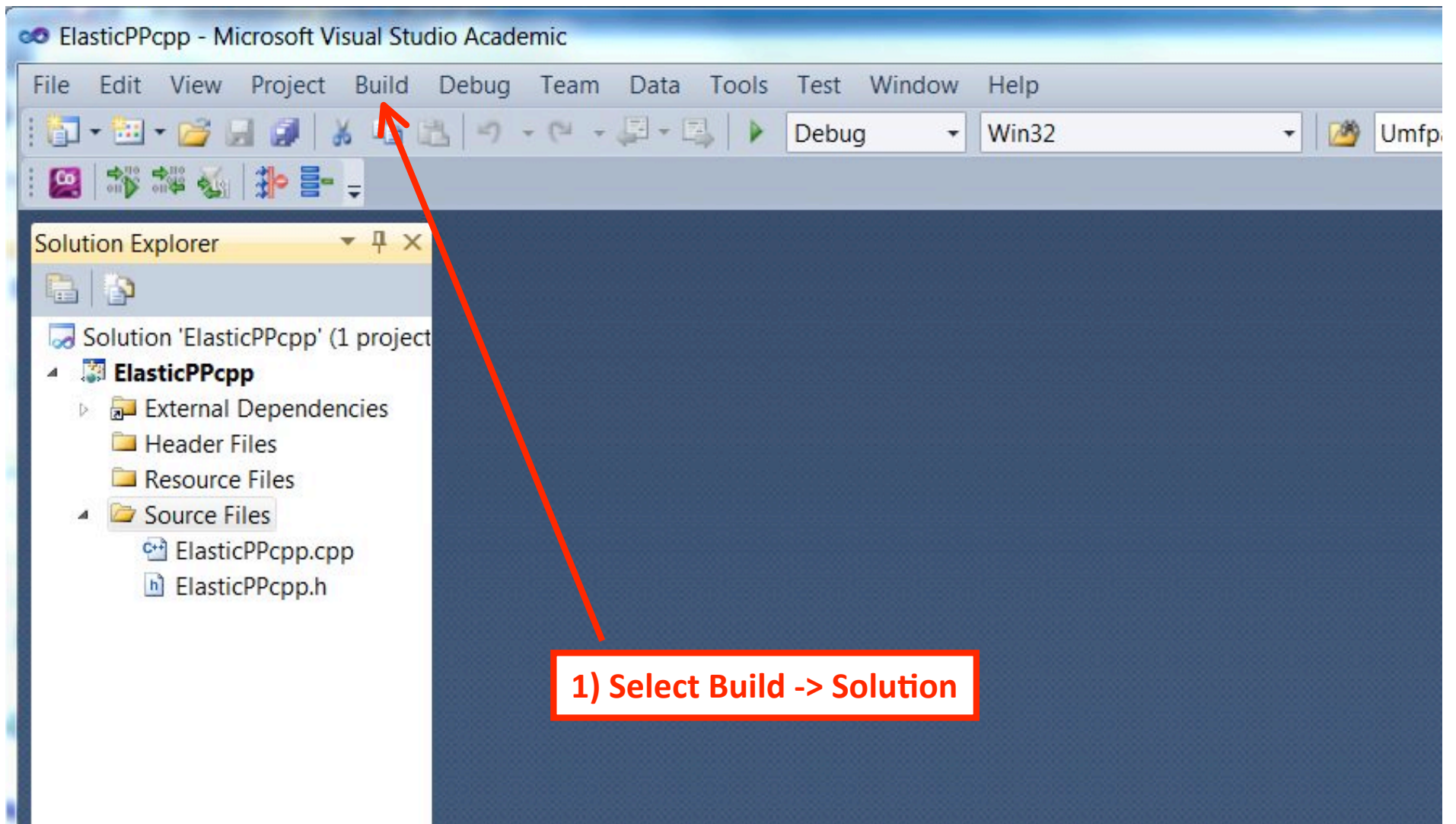
< Previous Next > Finish Cancel

Add Files To Project



The screenshot shows the Microsoft Visual Studio Academic interface. The title bar reads 'ElasticPPcpp - Microsoft Visual Studio Academic'. The menu bar includes File, Edit, View, Project, Build, Debug, Team, Data, Tools, Test, Window, and Help. The toolbar contains various icons for file operations and a 'Debug' button. The Solution Explorer on the left shows the project structure for 'ElasticPPcpp', including folders for External Dependencies, Header Files, Resource Files, and Source Files. A red arrow points from a list of instructions to the 'Source Files' folder.

1. Right Click on Source Files
2. Select Add Existing
3. Navigate to DEVELOPER/material/cpp directory
4. Select the ElasticPPcpp.cpp and .h file
5. Select Add



1) Select Build -> Solution

ElasticPPcpp - Microsoft Visual Studio Academic

File Edit View Project Build Debug Team Data Tools Test Window Help

Debug Win32 Umfpack

Solution Explorer

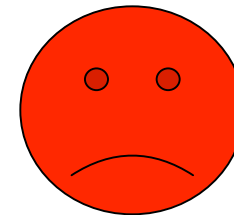
- Solution 'ElasticPPcpp' (1 project)
 - ElasticPPcpp**
 - External Dependencies
 - Header Files
 - Resource Files
 - Source Files
 - ElasticPPcpp.cpp
 - ElasticPPcpp.h

1. Right Click on ElasticPPcpp Project
2. Select Properties
3. Select C/C++

Output

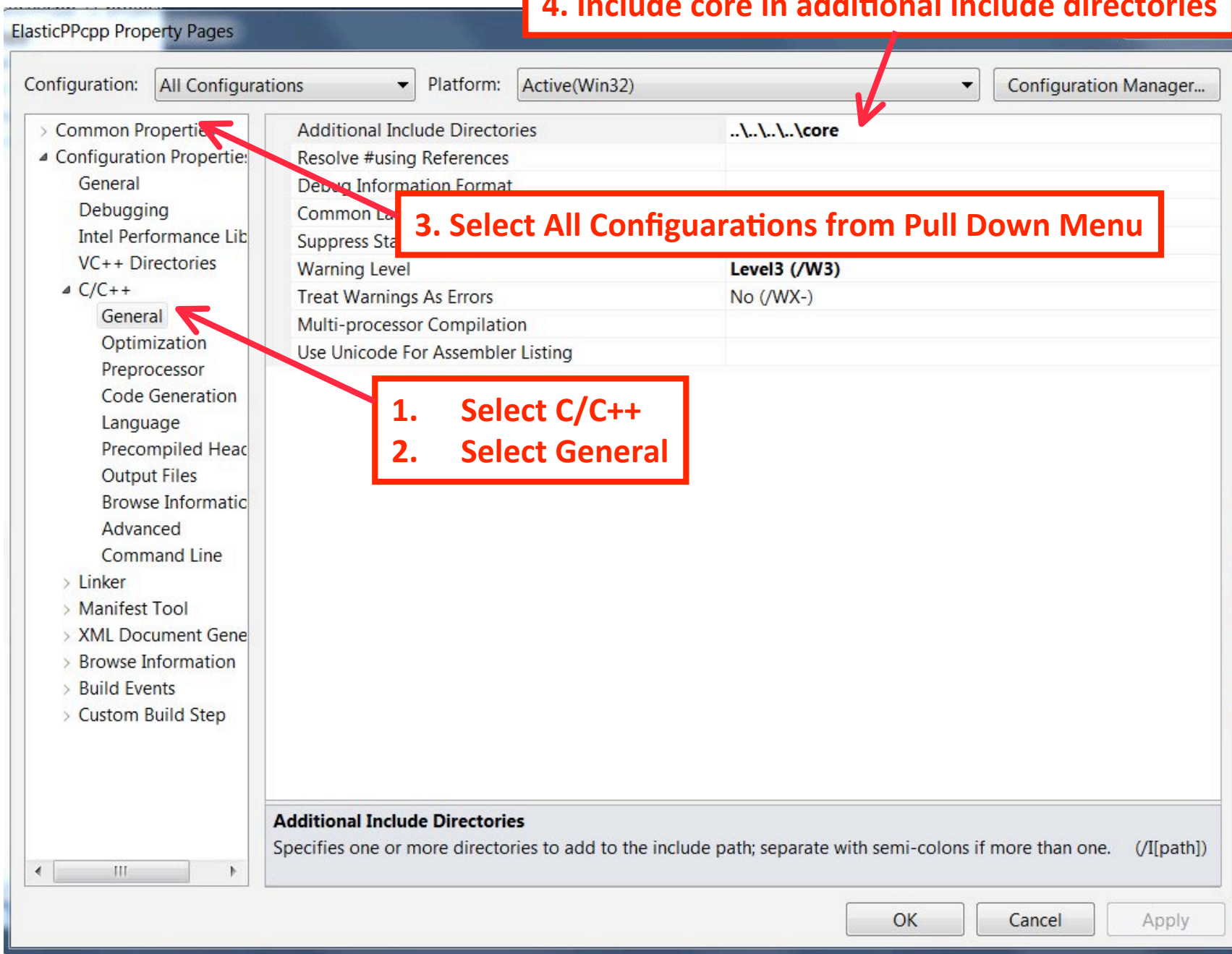
Show output from: Build

```
1>Build started 1/20/2012 4:33:02 PM.
1>PrepareForBuild:
1> Creating directory "C:\Users\PEER Center\DEVELOPER\material\cpp\ElasticPPcpp\Debug\".
1>InitializeBuildStatus:
1> Creating "Debug\ElasticPPcpp.unsuccessfulbuild" because "AlwaysCreate" was specified.
1>ClCompile:
1> ElasticPPcpp.cpp
1>c:\users\peer center\developer\material\cpp\elasticppcpp.cpp(32): fatal error C1083: Cannot open include file: 'elementAPI.h': No such
1>
1>Build FAILED.
1>
1>Time Elapsed 00:00:00.55
===== Build: 0 succeeded, 1 failed, 0 up-to-date, 0 skipped =====
```



IT FAILS!

4. Include core in additional include directories



3. Select All Configurations from Pull Down Menu

1. Select C/C++
2. Select General

ElasticPPcpp - Microsoft Visual Studio Academic

File Edit View Project Build Debug Team Data Tools Test Window Help

Debug Win32 Umfpack

Solution Explorer

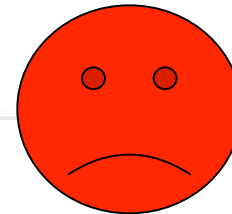
- Solution 'ElasticPPcpp' (1 project)
- ElasticPPcpp**
- External Dependencies
- Header Files
- Resource Files
- Source Files

1) Select Build -> Solution

Output

Show output from: Build

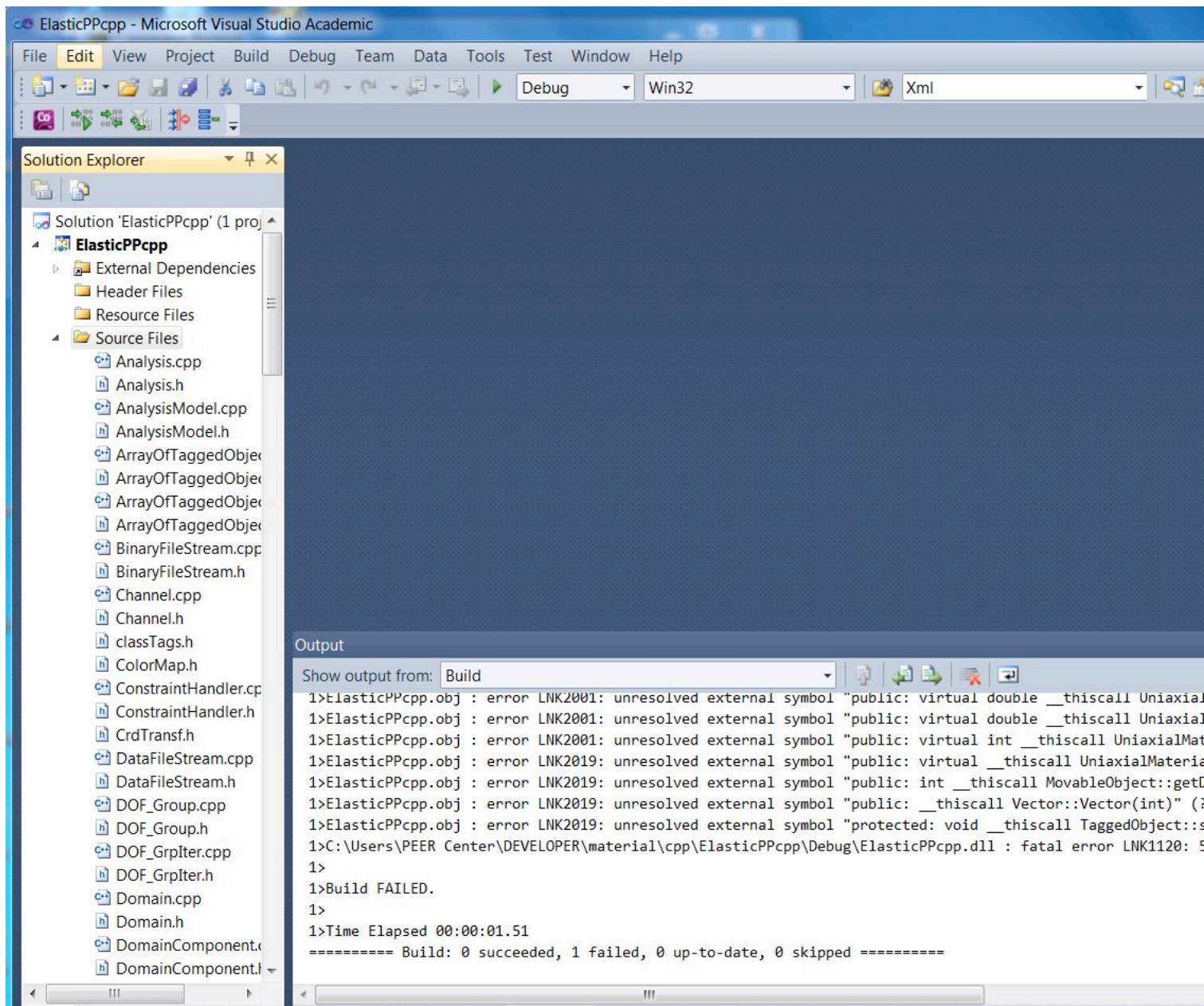
```
1>ElasticPPcpp.obj : error LNK2001: unresolved external symbol "public: virtual int __thiscall MovableObject::setVariable(char const *,class Information &
1>ElasticPPcpp.obj : error LNK2001: unresolved external symbol "public: virtual int __thiscall MovableObject::getVariable(char const *,class Information &
1>ElasticPPcpp.obj : error LNK2019: unresolved external symbol "public: virtual __thiscall UniaxialMaterial::~~UniaxialMaterial(void)" (??1UniaxialMaterial
1>ElasticPPcpp.obj : error LNK2019: unresolved external symbol "public: int __thiscall MovableObject::getDbTag(void)const " (?getDbTag@MovableObject@@QBEH
1>ElasticPPcpp.obj : error LNK2019: unresolved external symbol "public: __thiscall Vector::Vector(int)" (??0Vector@@QAE@H@Z) referenced in function "publi
1>ElasticPPcpp.obj : error LNK2019: unresolved external symbol "public: __thiscall Vector::~~Vector(void)" (??1Vector@@QAE@XZ) referenced in function "void
1>ElasticPPcpp.obj : error LNK2019: unresolved external symbol "protected: void __thiscall TaggedObject::setTag(int)" (?setTag@TaggedObject@@IAEXH@Z) refe
1>C:\Users\PEER Center\DEVELOPER\material\cpp\ElasticPPcpp\Debug\ElasticPPcpp.dll : fatal error LNK1120: 31 unresolved externals
1>
1>Build FAILED.
1>
1>Time Elapsed 00:00:00.27
===== Build: 0 succeeded, 1 failed, 0 up-to-date, 0 skipped =====
```



IT FAILS!

1. Right Click on Source Files
2. Select Add Existing
3. Navigate to DEVELOPER/core directory
4. Select the All .cpp and .h file
5. Select Add

```
I>Build FAILED.  
1>  
1>Time Elapsed 00:00:00.74  
===== Build: 0 succeeded, 1 failed, 0 up-to-date, 0 skipped =====
```



ElasticPPcpp - Microsoft Visual Studio Academic

File Edit View Project Build Debug Team Data Tools Test Window Help

Release Win32 Xml

Solution Explorer

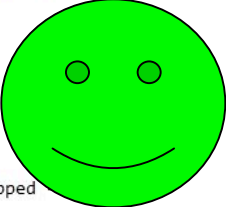
- Source Files
 - Analysis.cpp
 - Analysis.h
 - AnalysisModel.cpp
 - AnalysisModel.h
 - ArrayOfTaggedObject.cpp
 - ArrayOfTaggedObject.h
 - ArrayOfTaggedObject.h
 - ArrayOfTaggedObject.h
 - ArrayOfTaggedObject.h
 - BinaryFileStream.cpp
 - BinaryFileStream.h
 - Channel.cpp
 - Channel.h
 - classTags.h
 - ColorMap.h
 - ConstraintHandler.cpp
 - ConstraintHandler.h
 - CrdTransf.h
 - DataFileStream.cpp
 - DataFileStream.h
 - DOF_Group.cpp
 - DOF_Group.h
 - DOF_Group.h
 - DOF_Group.h
 - DOF_Group.h
 - Domain.cpp
 - Domain.h
 - DomainComponent.cpp
 - DomainComponent.h
 - DomainComponent.h
 - DomainDecomposition.cpp
 - ElasticPPcpp.cpp
 - ElasticPPcpp.h
 - Element.cpp
 - Element.h

1. Select Build - Solution

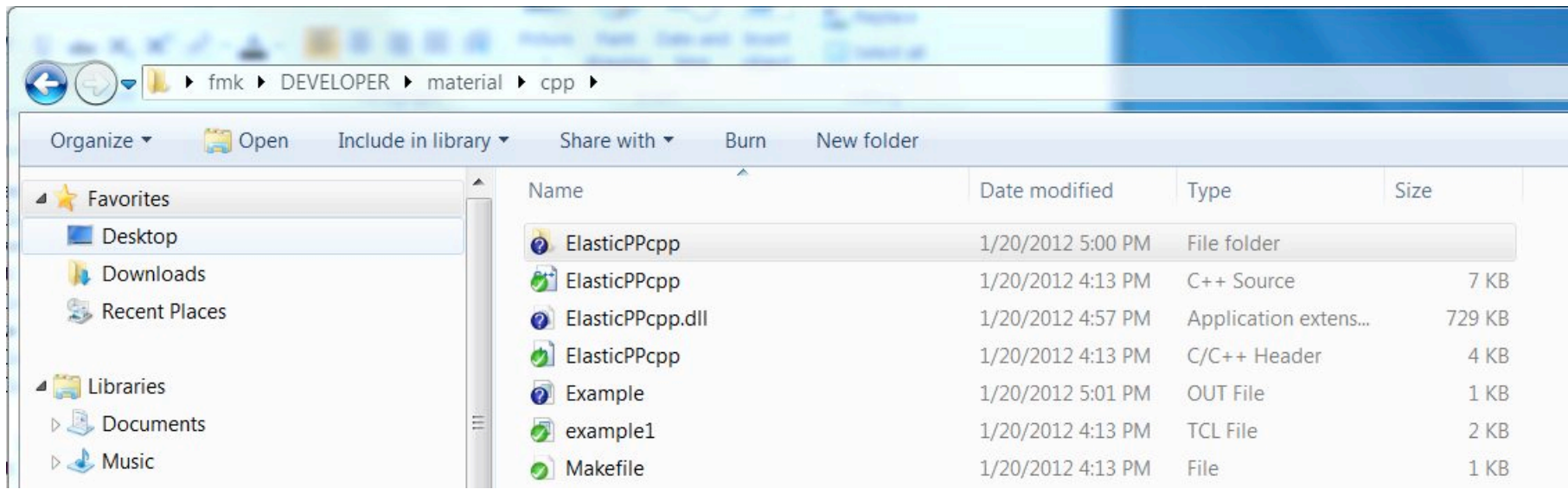
Output

Show output from: Build

```
1>Link:
1> Creating library C:\Users\PEER Center\DEVELOPER\material\cpp\ElasticPPcpp\Release\ElasticPPcpp.lib and object C:\Users\
1> Generating code
1> Finished generating code
1> ElasticPPcpp.vcxproj -> C:\Users\PEER Center\DEVELOPER\material\cpp\ElasticPPcpp\Release\ElasticPPcpp.dll
1>FinalizeBuildStatus:
1> Deleting file "Release\ElasticPPcpp.unsuccessfulbuild".
1> Touching "Release\ElasticPPcpp.lastbuildstate".
1>
1>Build succeeded.
1>
1>Time Elapsed 00:00:13.51
===== Build: 1 succeeded, 0 failed, 0 up-to-date, 0 skipped
```



Copy ElasticPPcpp.dll from location into current directory



Now run Example

Command Prompt

```
Microsoft Windows [Version 6.1.7601]
Copyright (c) 2009 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.

C:\Users\PEER Center>cd DEVELOPER
C:\Users\PEER Center\DEVELOPER>cd material
C:\Users\PEER Center\DEVELOPER\material>cd cpp
C:\Users\PEER Center\DEVELOPER\material\cpp>OpenSees Example1.tcl

      OpenSees -- Open System For Earthquake Engineering Simulation
      Pacific Earthquake Engineering Research Center -- 2.3.2

      (c) Copyright 1999,2000 The Regents of the University of California
      All Rights Reserved
      (Copyright and Disclaimer @ http://www.berkeley.edu/OpenSees/copyright.html)

ElasticPPcpp unaxial material - Written by fmk UC Berkeley Copyright 2008 - Use
at your Own Peril

Node: 4
Coordinates : 72 96
Disps: 0.530093 -0.177894
Velocities : 0 0
unbalanced Load: 100 -50
ID : 0 1

Element: 1 type: Truss iNode: 1 jNode: 4 Area: 10 Mass/Length: 0
strain: 0.00146451 axial load: 30
unbalanced load: -18 -24 18 24
Material: ElasticPPcpp tag: 1
E: 3000
ep: 0.000464506
stress: 3 tangent: 0

Element: 2 type: Truss iNode: 2 jNode: 4 Area: 5 Mass/Length: 0
strain: -0.00383642 axial load: -15
unbalanced load: -9 12 9 -12
Material: ElasticPPcpp tag: 1
E: 3000
ep: -0.00283642
stress: -3 tangent: 0

Element: 3 type: Truss iNode: 3 jNode: 4 Area: 5 Mass/Length: 0
strain: -0.00368743 axial load: -15
unbalanced load: -10.6066 10.6066 10.6066 -10.6066
Material: ElasticPPcpp tag: 1
E: 3000
ep: -0.00268743
stress: -3 tangent: 0

C:\Users\PEER Center\DEVELOPER\material\cpp>
```

What Follows are the Steps required to Build ElasticPPcpp.so on a Linux Machine with gcc installed

**NOTE: We Will use
NEEShub
for this demonstration
(<http://nees.org>)**

3 Simple Steps!

1. Download code

```
svn co svn://opensees.berkeley.edu/usr/local/svn/OpenSees/trunk/OpenSees/Developer Developer
```

2. cd DEVELOPER/material/cpp

3. type make

if you type ls you should see the .so and you

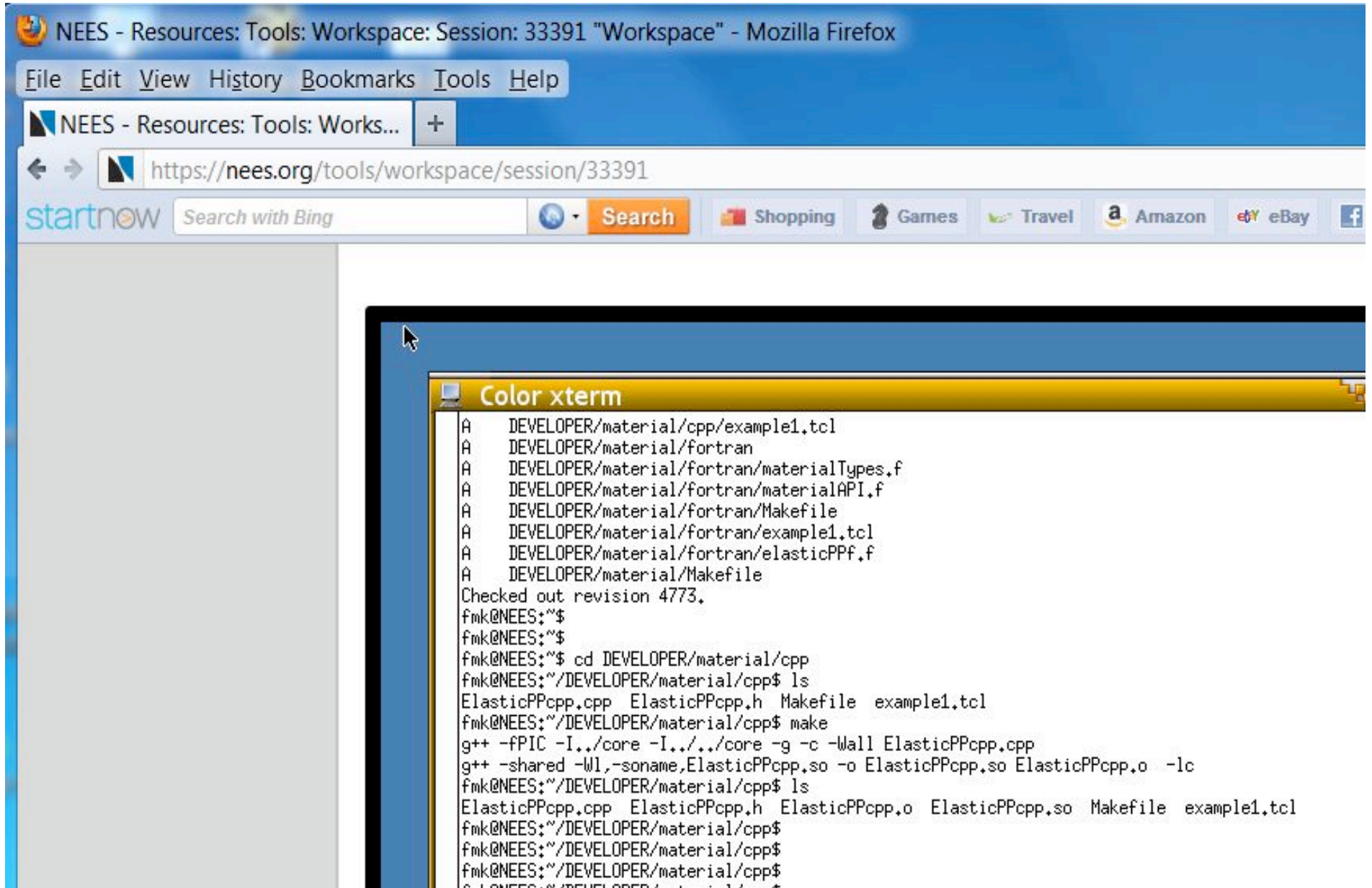
Can test it using >OpenSees example1.tcl

NOTE: mac users must have xcode installed and must open DEVELOPER/Makefile.def and switch comments on lines 1 and 2 before step 3.

1: Download Source Code

The screenshot shows a Mozilla Firefox browser window with the title "NEES - Resources: Tools: Workspace: Session: 33391 'Workspace' - Mozilla Firefox". The address bar displays the URL "https://nees.org/tools/workspace/session/33391". The browser's search bar is set to "Search with Bing". The NEEShub website is visible, featuring a navigation menu with items like "About NEES", "Tools & Resources", "Learning & Outreach", "Project Warehouse", "Simulation", "Sites", and "Collaborate". A breadcrumb trail indicates the current location: "You are here: Home » Resources » Tools » Workspace » Session: 33391 'Workspace'". The main content area is titled "Workspace". An inset terminal window titled "Color xterm" shows the command: `fmk@NEES:~$ svn co svn://opensees.berkeley.edu/usr/local/svn/OpenSees/trunk/DEVELOPER DEVELOPER`

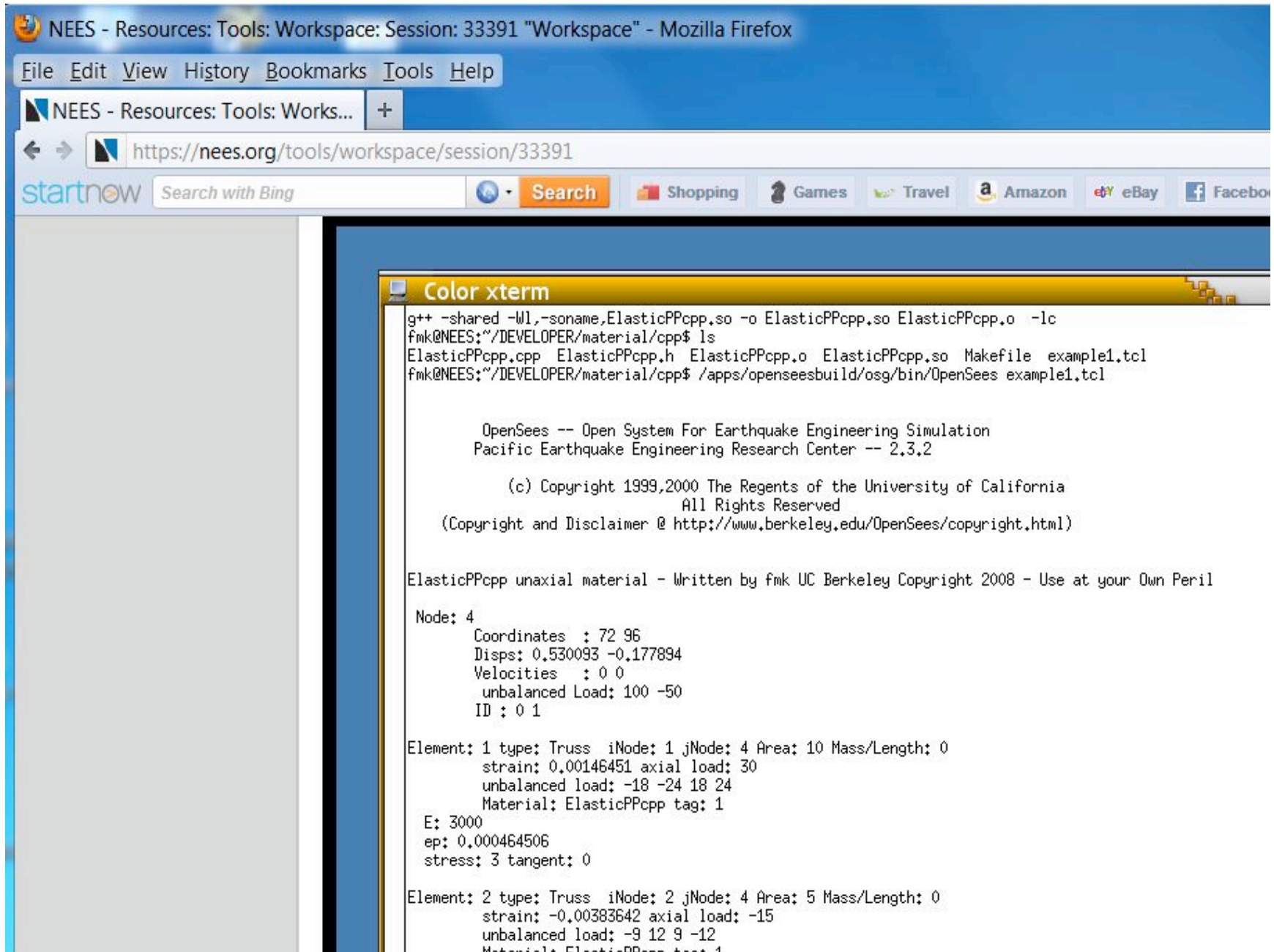
2/3: cd to Directory & Type make



The image shows a Mozilla Firefox browser window with the address bar displaying `https://nees.org/tools/workspace/session/33391`. The browser's menu bar includes File, Edit, View, History, Bookmarks, Tools, and Help. Below the browser window, a terminal window titled "Color xterm" is open, showing the following output:

```
A DEVELOPER/material/cpp/example1.tcl
A DEVELOPER/material/fortran
A DEVELOPER/material/fortran/materialTypes.f
A DEVELOPER/material/fortran/materialAPI.f
A DEVELOPER/material/fortran/Makefile
A DEVELOPER/material/fortran/example1.tcl
A DEVELOPER/material/fortran/elasticPPf.f
A DEVELOPER/material/Makefile
Checked out revision 4773.
fmk@NEES:~$
fmk@NEES:~$
fmk@NEES:~$ cd DEVELOPER/material/cpp
fmk@NEES:~/DEVELOPER/material/cpp$ ls
ElasticPPcpp.cpp ElasticPPcpp.h Makefile example1.tcl
fmk@NEES:~/DEVELOPER/material/cpp$ make
g++ -fPIC -I../core -I../..../core -g -c -Wall ElasticPPcpp.cpp
g++ -shared -Wl,-soname,ElasticPPcpp.so -o ElasticPPcpp.so ElasticPPcpp.o -lc
fmk@NEES:~/DEVELOPER/material/cpp$ ls
ElasticPPcpp.cpp ElasticPPcpp.h ElasticPPcpp.o ElasticPPcpp.so Makefile example1.tcl
fmk@NEES:~/DEVELOPER/material/cpp$
fmk@NEES:~/DEVELOPER/material/cpp$
fmk@NEES:~/DEVELOPER/material/cpp$
fmk@NEES:~/DEVELOPER/material/cpp$
```

Run It



The screenshot shows a Mozilla Firefox browser window with the address bar displaying `https://nees.org/tools/workspace/session/33391`. The browser's menu bar includes File, Edit, View, History, Bookmarks, Tools, and Help. Below the browser window, a terminal window titled "Color xterm" is open, displaying the following text:

```
g++ -shared -Wl,-soname,ElasticPPcpp.so -o ElasticPPcpp.so ElasticPPcpp.o -lc
fmk@NEES:~/DEVELOPER/material/cpp$ ls
ElasticPPcpp.cpp ElasticPPcpp.h ElasticPPcpp.o ElasticPPcpp.so Makefile example1.tcl
fmk@NEES:~/DEVELOPER/material/cpp$ /apps/openseesbuild/osg/bin/OpenSees example1.tcl

      OpenSees -- Open System For Earthquake Engineering Simulation
      Pacific Earthquake Engineering Research Center -- 2.3.2

      (c) Copyright 1999,2000 The Regents of the University of California
      All Rights Reserved
      (Copyright and Disclaimer @ http://www.berkeley.edu/OpenSees/copyright.html)

ElasticPPcpp uniaxial material - Written by fmk UC Berkeley Copyright 2008 - Use at your Own Peril

Node: 4
  Coordinates : 72 96
  Disps: 0.530093 -0.177894
  Velocities : 0 0
  unbalanced Load: 100 -50
  ID : 0 1

Element: 1 type: Truss iNode: 1 jNode: 4 Area: 10 Mass/Length: 0
  strain: 0.00146451 axial load: 30
  unbalanced load: -18 -24 18 24
  Material: ElasticPPcpp tag: 1
  E: 3000
  ep: 0.000464506
  stress: 3 tangent: 0

Element: 2 type: Truss iNode: 2 jNode: 4 Area: 5 Mass/Length: 0
  strain: -0.00383642 axial load: -15
  unbalanced load: -9 12 9 -12
  Material: ElasticPPcpp tag: 1
```

NEXT SEMINAR

- Feb 2012, Topic **EITHER** be High Performance Computing and OpenSees or How To Model Soil-Structure Interaction.
- We will again be using NEEShub for the demonstration. So get an account if you don't have one! **It's free to everyone.**